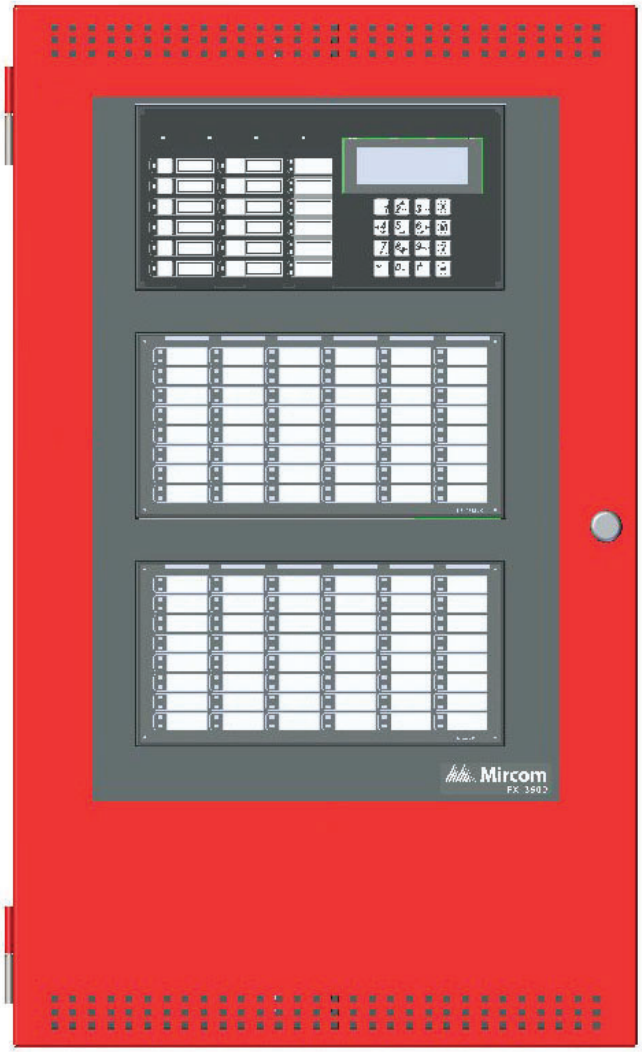
FX-3500RCU

Fire Alarm Control Panel



Installation and Operation Manual

LT-1083RCU Rev. 3
September 2021

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1.0 Industry Canada and FCC Notice

1.1 Notice for all FX-3500RCU Series Built-In UDACTs Sold in Canada

Mircom's FX-3500RCU SERIES BUILT-IN UDACT Communicator described in this manual is listed by Underwriters Laboratories Canada (ULC) for use in slave application under Standard ULC-S527 (Standard for Control Units for Fire Alarm Systems) and ULC-S559 (Equipment for Fire Signal Receiving Centres and Systems). These Communicators should be installed in accordance with this manual; the Canadian / Provincial / Local Electrical Code; and/or the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

1.2 Industry Canada Notice

Repairs to certified equipment should be made by an authorized Canadian maintenance facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alteration made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment. Users should ensure for their own protection that the Earth Ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This is necessary both for proper operation and for protection.

Attention: Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

1.3 Notice for all FX-3500RCU Series Built-in UDACTs Sold in the U.S.A.

Notes: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5.

The Label Identification Number for this product is US:1M8AL01BFX3500. The 01B represents the REN without a decimal point (for example, 01B is a REN of 0.1B). For earlier products, the REN is separately shown on the label.

Mircom's FX-3500RCU SERIES BUILT-IN UDACT Digital Communicator described in this manual is listed by Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

(ULI) for use in slave application in conjunction with a Listed Fire Alarm Control Panel under Standard 864 (Control Units for Fire Protective Signalling Systems). These Communicators comply with the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) performance requirements for UDACTs and should be installed in accordance with NFPA 72 Chapter 26 (Supervising Station Fire Alarm System). These Communicators should be installed in accordance with this manual; the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70); and/or the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

1.4 FCC Notice

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the ACTA. On the telco transformer of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format US:1M8AL01BFX3500. If requested, this number must be provided to the telephone company. This equipment is capable of seizing the line. This capability is provided in the hardware.

Type of Service

The Communicator is designed to be used on standard device telephone lines. It connects to the telephone line by means of a standard jack called the USOC RJ-11C (or USOC FJ45S). Connection to telephone company provided coin service (central office implemented systems) is prohibited. Connection to party lines service is subject to state tariffs.

Telephone Company Procedures

The goal of the telephone company is to provide you with the best service it can. In order to do this, it may occasionally be necessary for them to make changes in their equipment, operations or procedures. If these changes might affect your service or the operation of your equipment, the telephone company will give you notice, in writing, to allow you to make any changes necessary to maintain uninterrupted service. In certain circumstances, it may be necessary for the telephone company to request information from you concerning the equipment which you have connected to your telephone line. Upon request of the telephone company, provide the FCC registration number and the ringer equivalence number (REN); both of these items are listed on the equipment label. The sum of all of the REN's on your telephone lines should be less than five in order to assure proper service from the telephone company. In some cases, a sum of five may not be usable on a given line.

If Problems Arise

If any of your telephone equipment is not operating properly, you should immediately remove it from your telephone line, as it may cause harm to the telephone network. If the telephone company notes a problem, they may temporarily discontinue service. When practical, they will notify you in advance of this disconnection. If advance notice is not feasible, you will be notified as soon as possible. When you are notified, you will be given the opportunity to correct the problem and informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC. Contact your telephone company if you have any questions about your phone line. In the event repairs are ever needed on the Communicator, they should be performed by Mircom Technologies Ltd. or an authorized representative of Mircom Technologies Ltd. For information contact Mircom Technologies Ltd. at the address and phone numbers shown on the back page of this document.

2.0 Introduction

This document provides information for the successful installation and operation of the FX-3500RCU.

2.1 The FX-3500RCU Addressable Fire Alarm Control Panel

Mircom's FX-3500RCU Addressable Fire Alarm Control Panel provides the following:

- Release Control Units (RCUs) for fire control and releasing service.
- Advanced Protocol mode with one or three loops with 159 addressable sensors and 159 addressable modules per loop.
- CLIP Device compatible.
- Four Power Limited Class B (Style Y), Class A (Style Z) NAC circuits.
- NAC circuits may be configured as silenceable signal, non-silenceable signal, silenceable strobes, non-silenceable strobes, or relay output. The audible signal may be Steady, Temporal Code, California Code, or March Time.
- Supports sync strobe protocols from major manufacturers.
- Software configuration.
- Two-stage, alarm verification, waterflow retard and positive alarm sequence operations.
- Configurable Signal Silence Inhibit, Auto Signal Silence, Two-Stage Operation, and One-Man Walk Test.
- Subsequent Alarm, Supervisory, Monitor and Trouble operation.
- Relay Contacts for Common Alarm, Common Supervisory and Common Trouble all non-disconnectable and Auxiliary Alarm Relay (disconnectable).
- Reliable and industry proven dedicated releasing power supply.
- Six dedicated hazard zone LED indicators.
- Built-in Dialer Module.

2.1.1 Optional Items

- Supports up to 2 RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Modules.
- Semi-flush or surface mountable enclosures for retrofits and new installations.

Note: Installation of the FX-3500RCU Series Fire Alarm Control panel should be in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, ULC-S524 installation of Fire Alarm System; or National Electrical Code NFPA 70 and NFPA 72. Final acceptance subject to the Local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

2.2 General Notes

Circuits

Refers to a physical electrical interface for the analog loop, indicating signals or relays, and common alarm, supervisory, and trouble relay outputs.

Zone/Group

Is a logical concept for a Fire Alarm Protected Area, and will consist of at least one Circuit. The FX-3500RCU uses Groups extensively to facilitate annunciation of multiple input and output points on the 30 (up to 64) LED display and to facilitate the bypassing of inputs and outputs.

Display Points

The FX-3500RCU LCD display annunciates the status of the system and connected devices. There are up to two (2) RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Module Display points that may be configured to assign LEDs to groups of inputs or outputs. There are two LEDs for every display point; one single color (yellow) and one dual color (red/yellow).

Wiring Styles

The analog loop can be connected in Class B (Style 4), Class A (Style 6), or Class X (Style 7) configurations.

3.0 FX-3500RCU Overview

This chapter lists all the possible components of an FX-3500RCU system.

3.1 FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panel Models

All FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panels have the following features:

- Main Board, Power Supply and Backbox.
- Multi-zone fire alarm control panel.
- MAM-3500 Main Display with 4 x 20 LCD display.
- Class A (Style 6), Class X (Style 7), or Class B (Style 4) analog loop(s).
- Four Power Limited Class B (Style Y), Class A (Style Z) NAC circuits (max. 1.5 Amps each - 6.0 Amps total).
- Dedicated common alarm, supervisory, trouble, and auxiliary alarm relays.
- Additional RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Module can be added to provide 96 annunciation points per Adder.
- Additional outputs include connections for a RTI remote trouble indicator, PR-300 Reverse Polarity Module, an RS-485 bus for connection of up to seven RAX-LCD-LITE, RAM-3500-LCDs, SRM-312s and RA-1000 Series annunciators.
- Auxiliary power is available in the form of 24V FWR unfiltered and unsupervised, 24VDC filtered and regulated, and resettable auxiliary power supply.

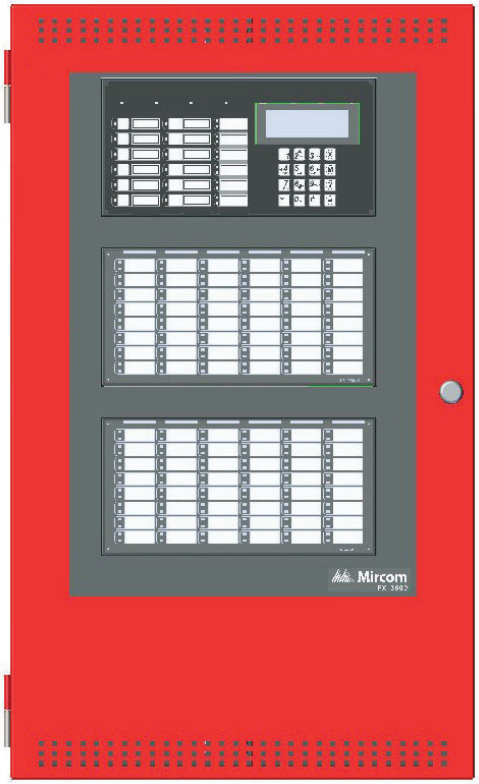


Figure 1 FX-3500RCU with DOX-1024DSR

3.2 FX-3500RCU System Components

The following table describes the components of the FX-3500RCU.

Table 1 FX-3500RCU System Components

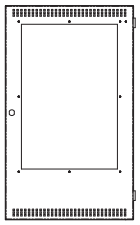
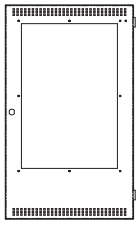
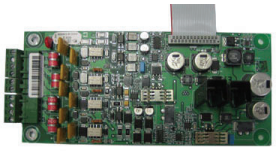
	Model	Description
	**MAM-3500**	Main Display.
	**DOX-1024DS**	White enclosure door.
	**DOX-1024DSR**	Red enclosure door.
	**ALC-636**	636 Point Dual Loop Adder.
	**RAM-3500-LCD**	Remote Annunciator with 4-line LCD Display.
	**PR-300**	Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module.
	**PCS-100**	Power Supply Interface Board use for powering 3G4010, 3G4010CF, SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA Universal Wireless Alarm Communicator.

Table 1 FX-3500RCU System Components (Continued)

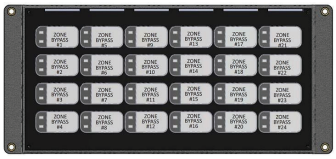
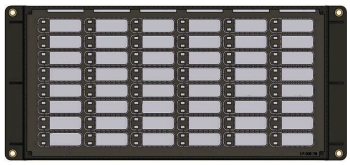
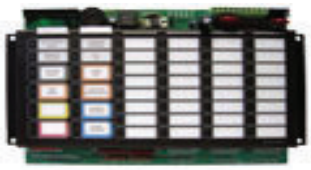
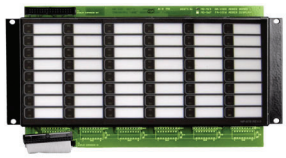
	Model	Description
	**SRM-312W**	Smart Relay Module with White Enclosure. Can support up to 12 relays.
	**SRM-312R**	Smart Relay Module with Red Enclosure. Can support up to 12 relays.
	**IPS-2424DS**	Programmable Input Switches Module with 24 switches.
	**IPS-4848DS**	Programmable Input Switches Module with 48 switches.
	**RAM-1016TZDS**	16 Point Annunciator Chassis with 16 Trouble LEDs.
	**RAM-1032TZDS** **RAM-1032TZDS-CC**	Model RAM-1032TZDS Main Chassis Remote Annunciator with 16 Bi-coloured LEDs and 32 trouble LEDs. Model RAM-1032TZDS-CC is the same as the RAM-1032TZDS, except it has conformal coating and is to be used in a BB-1001WP(R)A or BB-1002WP(R)A weather protected box.
	**RAX-1048TZDS** **RAX-1048TZDS-CC**	Model RAX-1048TZDS Adder Annunciator Chassis with 48 Bi-coloured LEDs and 48 trouble LEDs. Model RAX-1048TZDS-CC is the same as the RAX-1048TZDS, except it has conformal coating and is to be used in a BB-1002WP(R)A weather protected box.

Table 1 FX-3500RCU System Components (Continued)

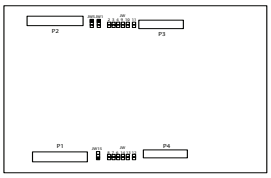
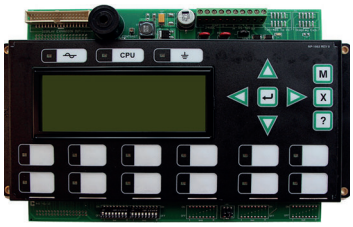
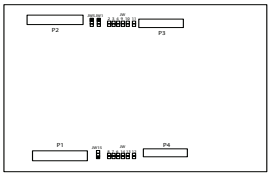
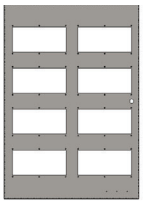
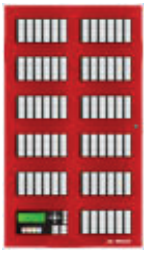
	Model	Description
	**MGD-32**	Graphic Annunciator.
	**RAX-LCD-LITE**	Remote Annunciator with 4-line LCD Display.
	**AGD-048**	Graphic Annunciator Adder Driver Board.
	**RTI-1**	Common Remote Trouble Indicator, Buzzer and LED.
	**BB-1001D**	White Enclosure for one annunciator.
	BB-1001DR	Red Enclosure for one annunciator.
	BB-1001DS	Enclosure for one annunciator with stainless steel door.
	BB-1001WPA	White enclosure for one annunciator rated for outdoor environment, wet location.
	BB-1001WPRA	Red enclosure for one annunciator rated for outdoor environment, wet location.
	**BB-1002D**	White Enclosure for two annunciators.
	BB-1002DR	Red Enclosure for two annunciators.
	BB-1002DS	Enclosure for two annunciators with stainless steel door.
	BB-1002WPA	White enclosure for two annunciators rated for outdoor environment, wet location.
	BB-1002WPRA	Red enclosure for two annunciators rated for outdoor environment, wet location.

Table 1 FX-3500RCU System Components (Continued)

	Model	Description
	**BB-1003D**	White Enclosure for three annunciators.
	BB-1003DR	Red Enclosure for three annunciators.
	BB-1003DS	Enclosure for three annunciators with stainless steel door.
	**BB-1008D**	White Enclosure for eight annunciators.
	BB-1008DR	Red Enclosure for eight annunciators.
	**BB-1012D**	White Enclosure for twelve annunciators.
	BB-1012DR	Red Enclosure for twelve annunciators.
	**MP-300**	End of line resistor plate. 3.9 kilohms.
	MP-3500R	Solenoid EOL Module (Red) - 47 kilohms.
	MP-3500W	Solenoid EOL Module (White) - 47 kilohms.
	**BC-160**	External Battery Cabinet.
	**INX-10A**	Intelligent NAC Expander Panel.

3.3 Related Documents

The following documents contain information on releasing applications and the configuration of the FX-3500RCU. They can be accessed on the Mircom website by following the links provided.

3.3.1 LT-1091 FX-3500RCU Releasing Application Guide

The releasing application guide provides examples of typical releasing applications and how to set them up.

http://www.mircom.com/

3.3.2 LT-1148 FX-3500/FX-3500RCU Configuration Guide

The configuration guide explains how to create and manage Jobs for the FX-3500RCU. Information on how to update the firmware for the panel is also contained in this guide.

http://www.mircom.com/

4.0 Installation

This chapter describes the installation of the FX-3500RCU.

4.1 BBX-1024DS and BBX-1024DSR Mechanical Installation

The BBX-1024DS and BBX-1024DSR are suitable for flush or surface mounting, and have a built-in trim ring.

Dimensions of Enclosure (minus built in trim ring)	14.5” x 4.2” x 26”
Distance between horizontal mounting screws	12”
Distance between vertical mounting screws	23.5”
Complete Dimensions of Enclosures	16.3” x 5.5” x 27.5”

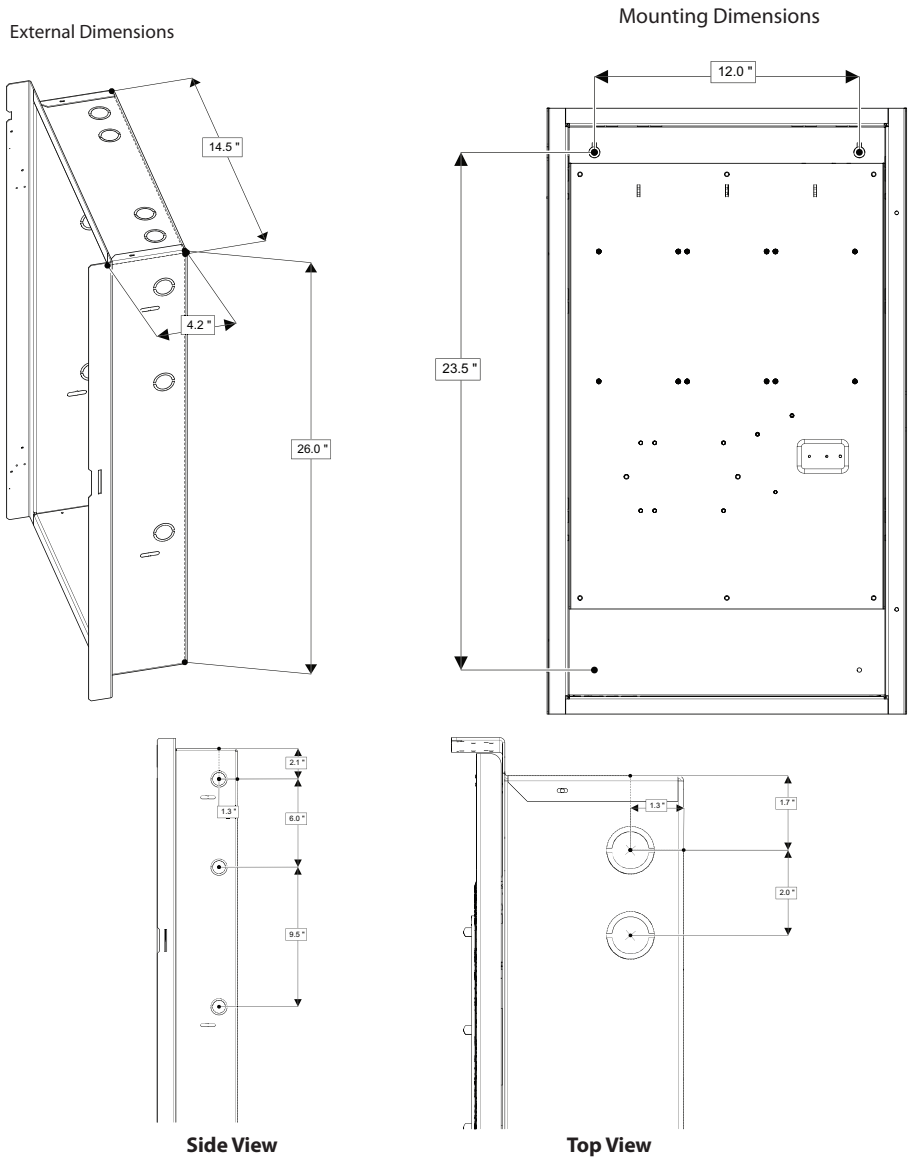


Figure 2 BBX-1024DS and BBX-1024DSR Installation Instructions and Dimensions

4.2 Installation Tips

1. Group the incoming wires through the top of the enclosure. For easy identification and neatness use a wire tie to group wires.
2. Be sure to connect a solid Earth Ground (from building system ground / to a cold water pipe) to the Chassis Earth Ground Mounting Lug, and to connect the Earth Ground Wire Lugs from the Main Chassis to the ground screw on the Backbox.

Attention: DO NOT install cable through bottom of the box. This space is reserved for Batteries.

4.3 Installing Adder Modules

The FX-3500RCU Series Fire Alarm panels are shipped pre-assembled with all main components and boards. Adder modules are not preinstalled.

The following items can be installed in the field:

- ALC-636 Dual Loop Adder
- PR-300 Polarity Reversal And City Tie Module
- PCS-100 Power Supply Interface Board

See the following diagrams for adder module installation locations. For Jumper or DIP Switch settings refer to Table 2 and for Wiring Specifications see 7.1 Wiring Tables.

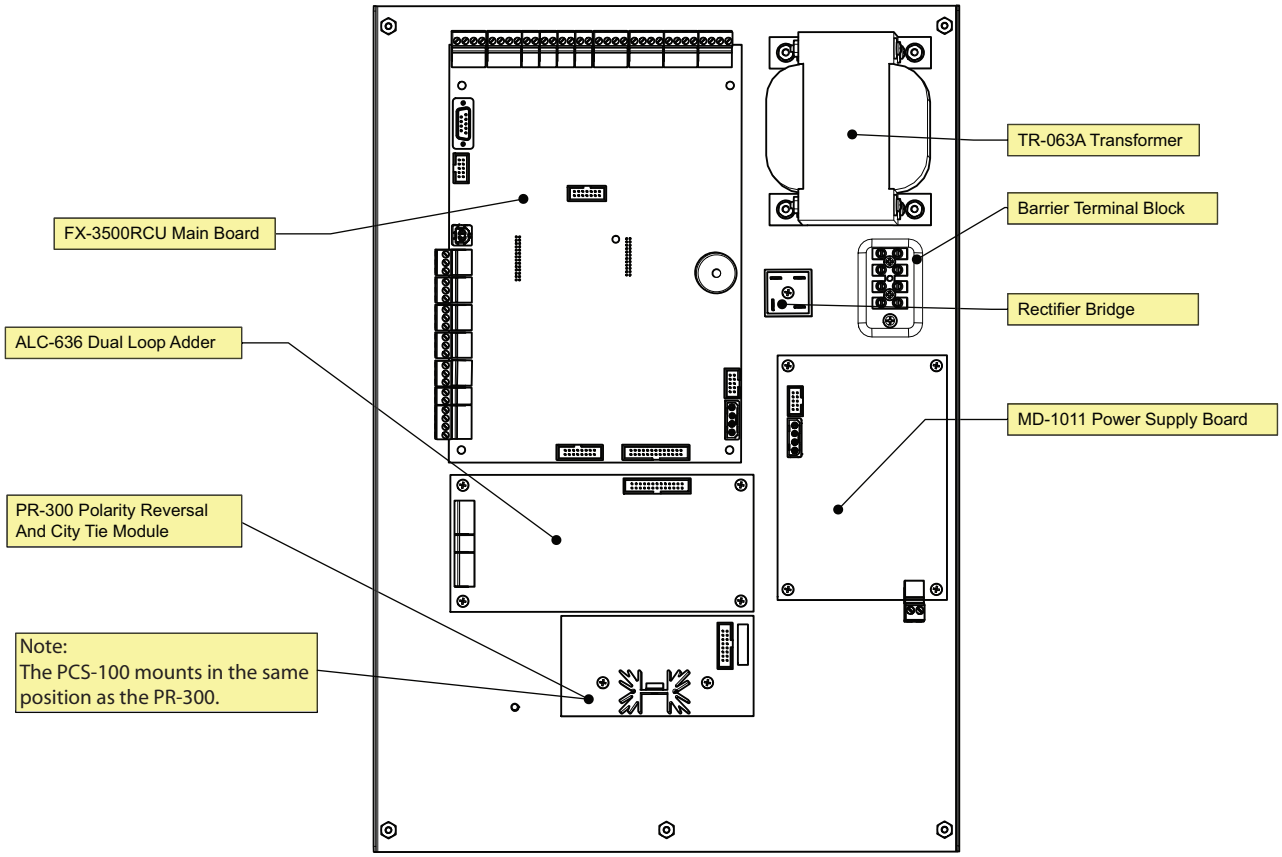


Figure 3 Main Board with all Adder Modules Installed

4.4 Main Board and Core Board Connectors and Jumpers

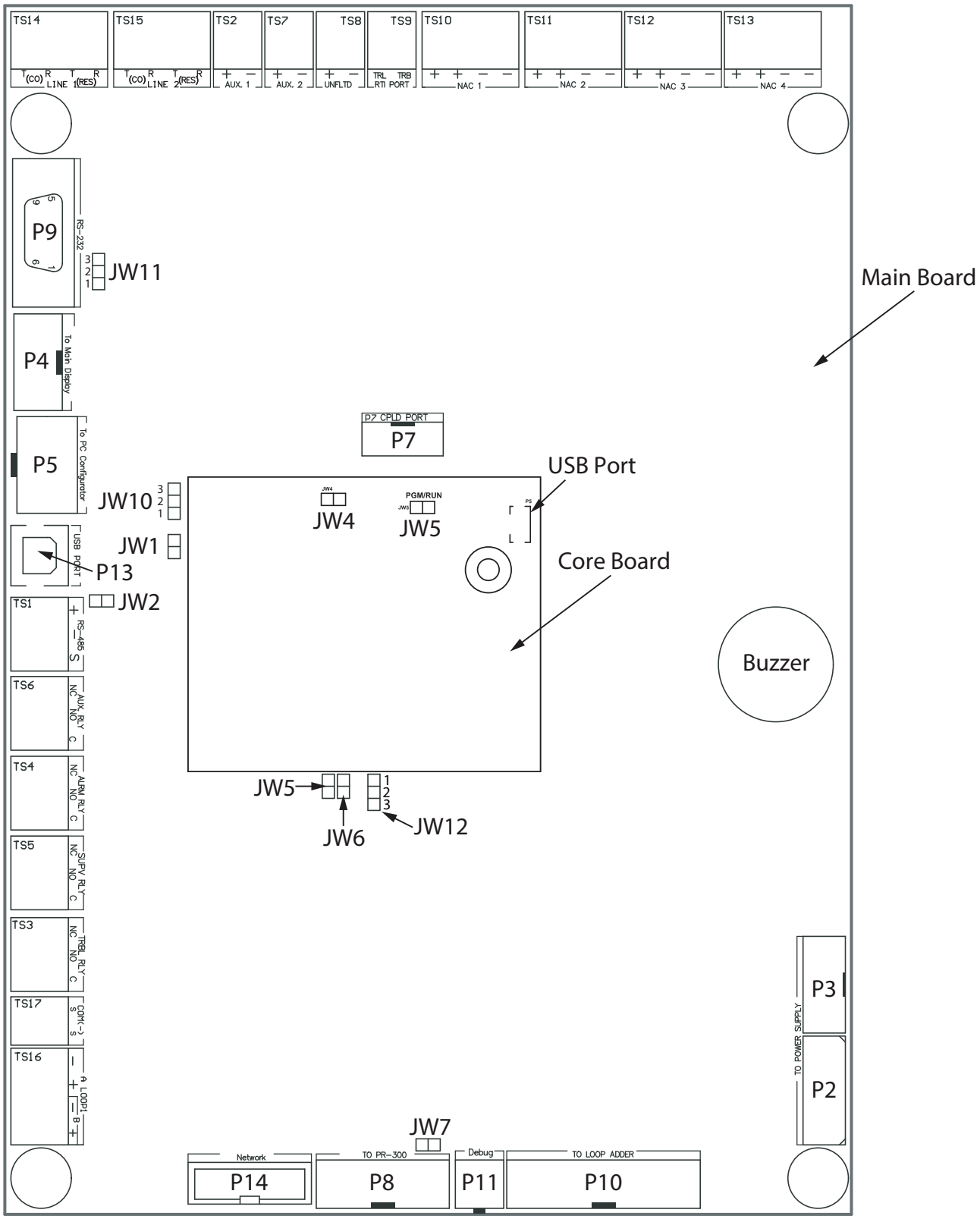


Figure 4 Port and Jumper Locations on Main Board

Table 2 Main Board Connectors and Jumpers

Connector/ Jumper	Description
P2	To Power Supply
P3	To Power Supply
P4	Ribbon Cable connects to P4 of MAM-3500
P5	To PC Configurator
P7	Factory Use Only
P8	To PR-300
P9	To Printer
P10	To ALC-636 Loop Adder
P11	Factory Use Only
P13	USB Port
P14	Future Use
JW1	Must be closed (on) - Allows Configuration Connection. The default setting is closed (on).
JW2	Must be closed (on) - Annunciator End of Line. The default setting is closed (on).
JW5	Normally open (off). Place jumper here and power down (AC and batteries) and power back to restore Master Password. After reset, remove jumper and leave normally open. The default setting is open (off).
JW6	Normally open (off) to BLOCK remote configuration via modem. Place jumper here to ALLOW for remote configuration. When jumper is set panel will indicate a trouble. The default setting is open (off).
JW7	On the Main Fire Alarm Module, this jumper must be removed if a PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module is installed. The default setting is closed (on).
JW10	Must be in the 1-2 Position (Bottom 2 Pins) - Allows PC Connection through serial port. The default setting is the 1-2 position.
JW11	Place in the 1-2 Position (Bottom 2 Pins) for Serial Port or Place in the 2-3 Position (Top 2 Pins) for Keltron Dialer. The default setting is the 1-2 position.
JW12	Close pins 2 and 3 to send the debug trace to the printer. Close pins 1 and 2 to send events to the printer. The printer is supervised when the pins are in position 2 and 3. The default setting is the 1-2 position.

Table 3 Core Board Connectors and Jumpers (Plug-in Board in Center of Main Board)

Connector/ Jumper	Description
P5	Micro-B USB port: Connect to a computer for configuration.
JW4	Factory set closed (on). Leave as is.
JW5	Factory set open (off). Leave as is.

Attention: ADVANCED INSTALLER NOTE

Closing JW5 and JW6 on the main board at start-up will revert the panel to the default configuration.

4.4.1 Jumper on Display

The jumper on the back of the display is factory installed on the middle 2 pins.

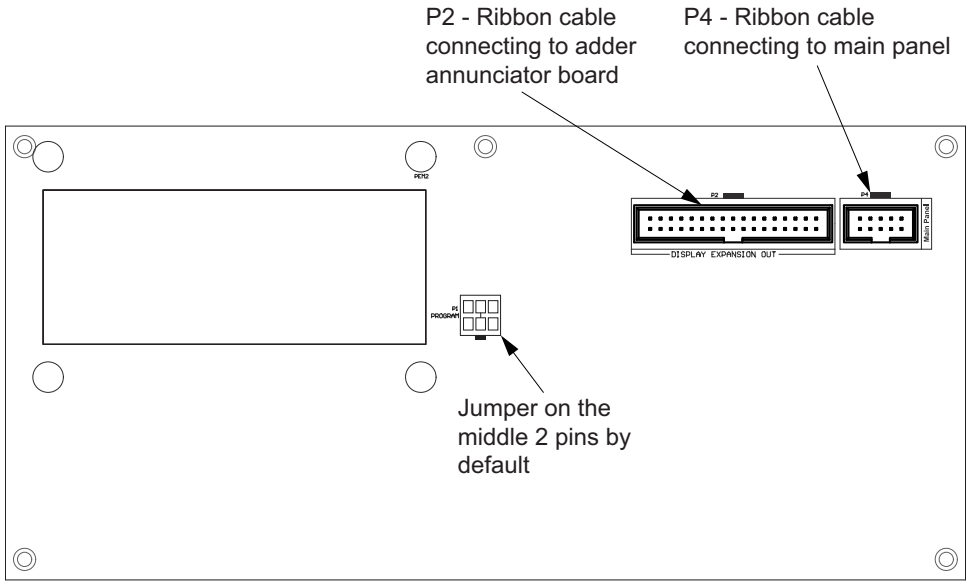


Figure 5 Jumper on back of display

4.5 Installing the PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module

Mount the PR-300 as shown in Figure 6.

The Alarm Transmit signal to the PR-300 can be programmed to turn OFF when signal silence is active. This allows the City Tie Box to be manually reset. On subsequent alarms the silenceable signals will resound and the City Tie Box will be retriggered.

The Trouble Transmit signal to the PR-300 can be programmed to delay AC power fail 0, 1, 2, or 3 hours if this is the only system trouble.

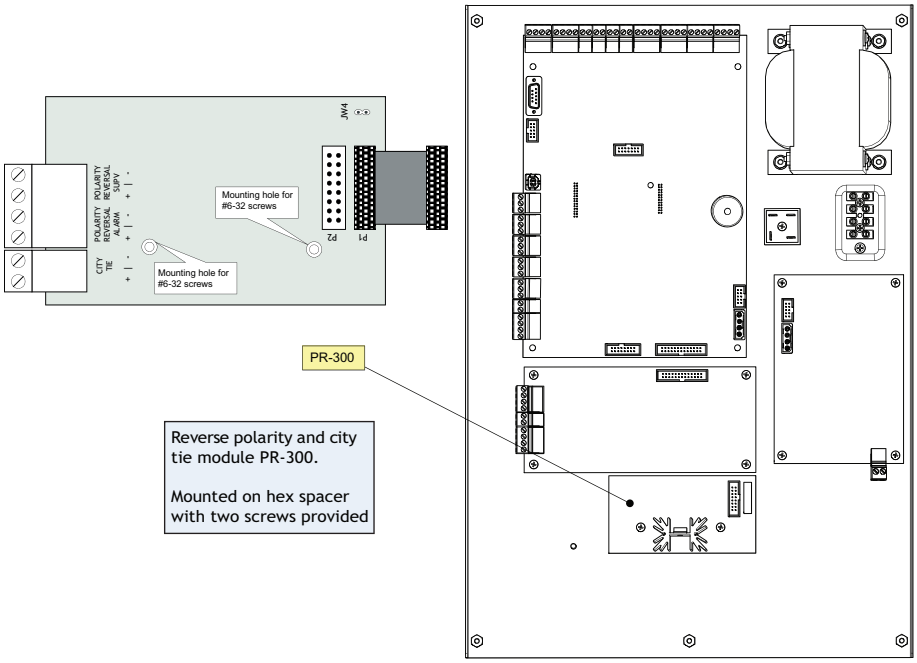


Figure 6 Installing the PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module

Table 4 PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module Connectors and Jumpers

Item	Setting
P1	Connect cable to P8 on the Main Board of the FX-3500RCU
JW4	Not used. Keep jumper intact.

Note: If using a PR-300 remember to remove JW7 on the main board. For the location of JW7 on the main board see Figure 3.

4.6 Installing the ALC-636 Dual Loop Adder

Mount the ALC-636 Dual Loop Adder as shown in Figure 6.

The panel can provide up to 350mA of alarm current to the devices on the loop. For device currents see Appendix E - Battery Calculations on page 98.

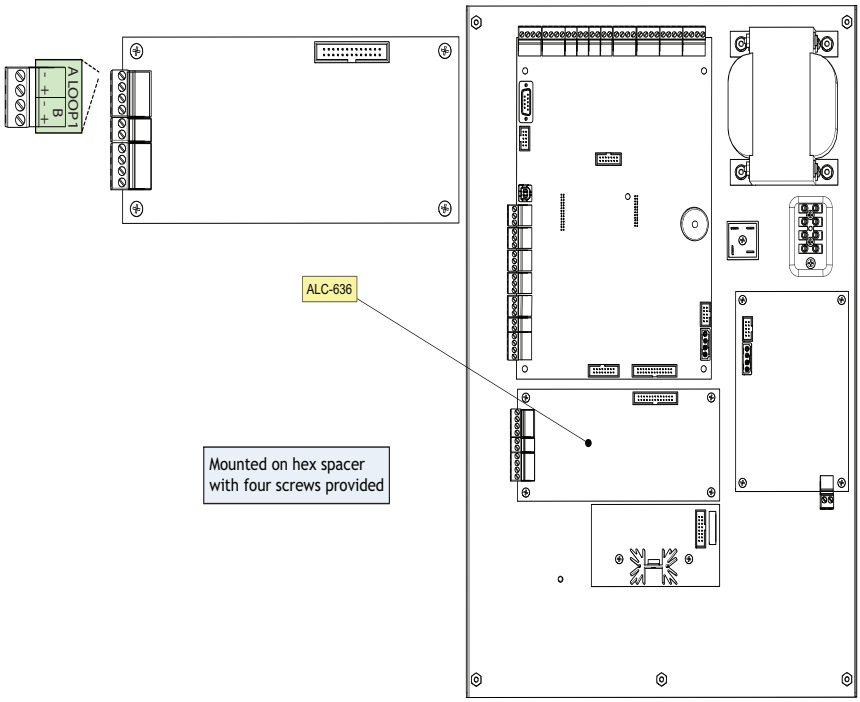


Figure 7 Installing the ALC-636 Dual Loop Adder

Table 5 ALC-636 Dual Loop Adder Connectors and Jumpers

Item	Setting
P1	Connect cable to **P10** on the Main Board of the FX-3500RCU.

4.7 Installing the RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Module

The FX-3500RCU can add a maximum of two RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Module. No jumpers or other physical configuration steps are required to install the RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Modules.

To Install the RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Module

1. Remove the blank cover plate from the front door and install the RAX-1048TZDS with the clear cover in the opening with the hardware provided.
2. Disconnect main and standby power and connect the cable of the second RAX-1048TZDS into the open, remaining header of the existing RAX-1048TZDS. The additional LEDs will be available for configuration as LEDs 49 to 96, when the system power is restored.

4.8 Installing the IPS-2424DS Programmable Input Switches Module

The IPS-2424DS Programmable Input Switches Module mounts into a series of enclosures as part of the fire alarm system. This adder module provides 24 programmable switches, 24 bi-coloured (red/amber) LEDs for fire alarm zone annunciation and 24 amber trouble LEDs.

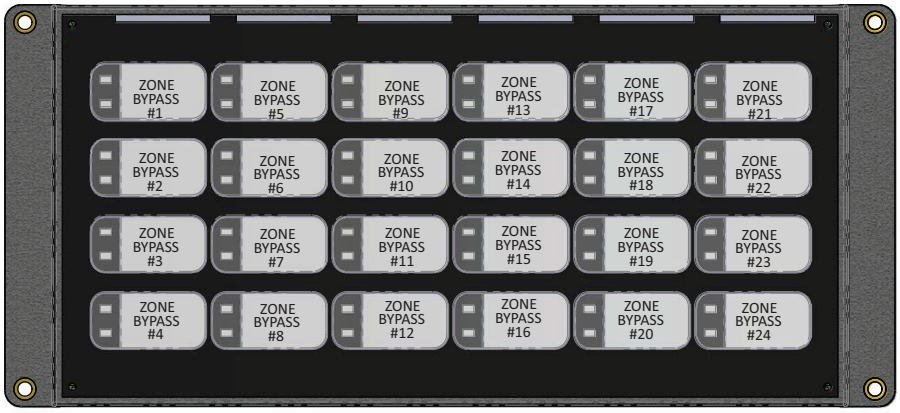


Figure 8 IPS-2424DS Programmable Input Switches Module Front Chassis View

To Install the IPS-2424DS Programmable Input Switches Module

1. Remove the blank cover plate from the front door and install the IPS-2424DS in the opening with the hardware provided.
2. Disconnect main and standby power and connect the IPS-2424DS as shown in Figure 9.

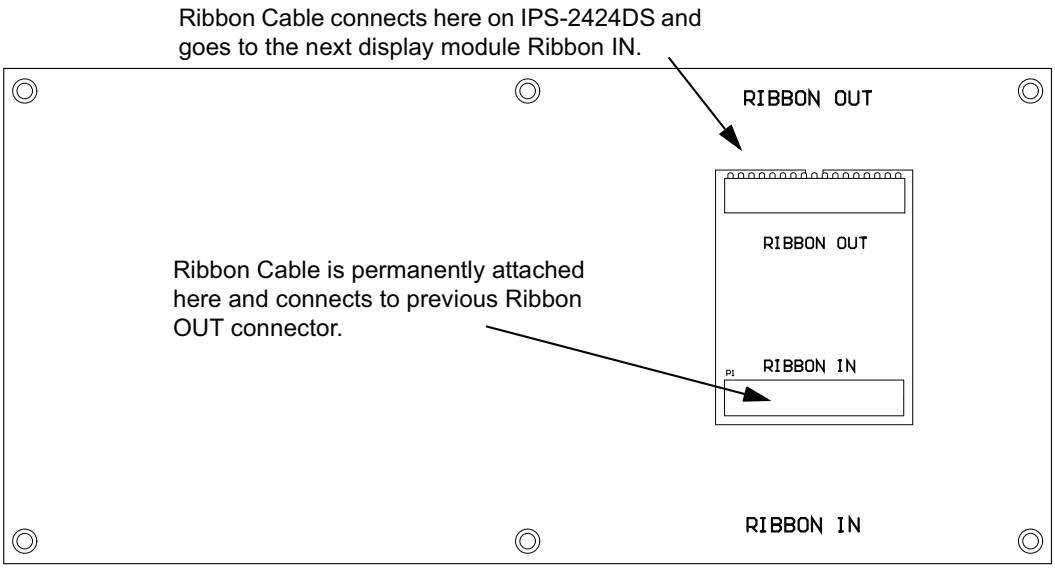


Figure 9 IPS-2424DS Cable Connections

4.9 Installing the IPS-4848DS Programmable Input Switches Module

The IPS-4848DS Programmable Input Switches Module mounts into a series of enclosures as part of the fire alarm system. This adder module provides 48 programmable switches, 48 bi-coloured (red/amber) LEDs for fire alarm zone annunciation and 48 amber trouble LEDs.

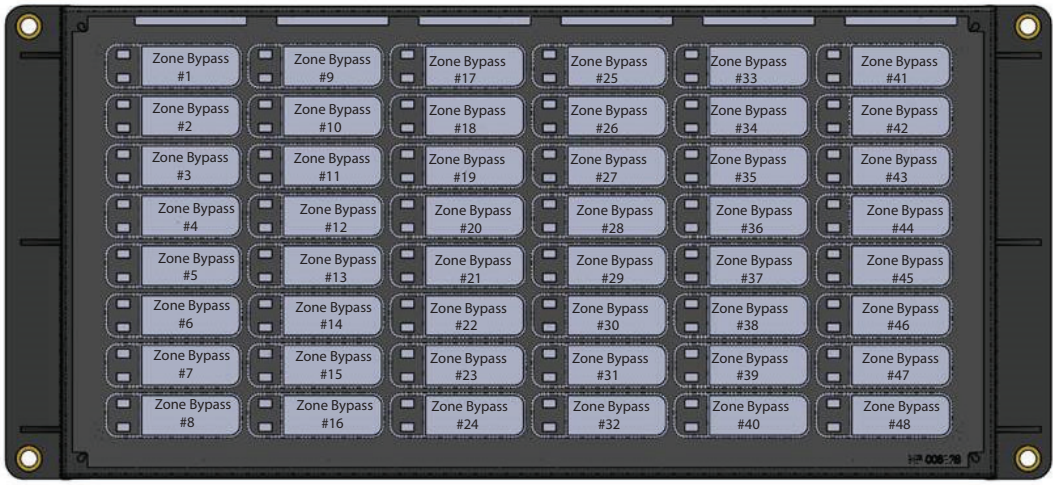


Figure 10 IPS-4848DS Programmable Input Switches Module Front Chassis View

To Install the IPS-4848DS Programmable Input Switches Module

1. Remove the blank cover plate from the front door and install the IPS-4848DS in the opening with the hardware provided.
2. Disconnect main and standby power and connect the IPS-4848DS as shown in Figure 11.

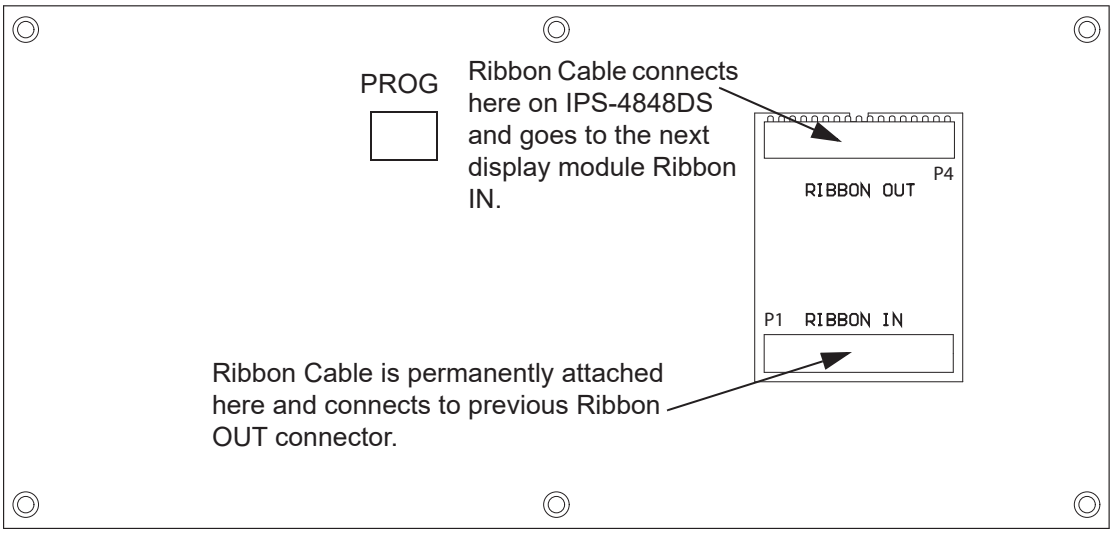


Figure 11 IPS-4848DS Cable Connections

5.0 Operation

This chapter describes the operational capabilities of the FX-3500RCU.

Table 6 Settings Permitted in UL864

NOTICE TO USERS, INSTALLERS, AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION, AND OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES			
This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated below.			
Program feature or option	Permitted in UL 864? (Y/N)	Possible settings	Settings permitted in UL 864
Manual Release Delay (MRDT) (see LT-1091)	Yes	0-60 seconds	30 seconds maximum
Test Signal for Dialler	Yes	6, 12, 24 hours	6 hours maximum
Building/Property Safety Input	No	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Alarm Transmit Silence This feature causes the Alarm Transmit and Auxiliary Alarm Relay to reset on Signal Silence rather than by the Reset switch.	No	Enabled or Disabled (unchecked)	Disabled (unchecked)
Automatic Signal Silence (see LT-1148) This timer specifies the amount of time after which the alarm is automatically silenced.	Yes	5, 10, 15, 20, 30 min or Disabled	5, 10, 15, 20, 30 min, or Disabled
APB200(-LF) Sounder base correlation to Fire input	Yes	No sound (no correlation), Temporal (Temporal-3), March Code, Continuous Tone.	Temporal 3
APB200(-LF) Sounder base correlation to CO input	Yes	No sound (no correlation), Temporal (Temporal-3), Temporal 4 (correlated to CO input), March Code, Continuous Tone	Temporal 4 (correlated to CO input) if CO sensor is set to initiate a CO Alarm No sound (no correlation) if CO sensor is set to initiate a Supervisory Signal **Note:** If CO sensor is set to Alarm, it must report to emergency response and Remote Receiver to meet the Standard for the Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Warning Equipment, NFPA 720
Signal Silence Inhibit (see LT-1148) While this timer is running, you cannot silence the alarm or reset the system.	No	Disabled, 10, 20, 30 seconds, 1 minute	Disabled
New Alarm (see LT-1148) This timer specifies the amount of time that the alarm plays on outputs correlated with the **New Alarm Active** Common System Status.	No	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120 seconds	No correlation
Auto Resound (see LT-1148) This timer specifies the time, in minutes, after which the signals will resound if an alarm remains unacknowledged.	No	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 minutes	No correlation

Table 7 Settings Permitted in CAN/ULC-S527 and CAN/ULC-S559

NOTICE TO USERS, INSTALLERS, AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION, AND OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES			
This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in CAN/ULC S527 Standard for Control Units for Fire Alarm Systems and CAN/ULC-S559 Standard for Equipment for Fire Signal Receiving Centers and Systems, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated below.			
Program feature or option	Permitted in CAN/ULC-S527, S559? (Y/N)	Possible settings	Settings permitted in CAN/ULC-S527, S559
Manual Release Delay (MRDT) (see LT-1091)	Yes	0-60 seconds	30 seconds maximum
Test Signal for Dialler	Yes	6, 12, 24 hours	6 hours maximum
Alarm Transmit Silence This feature causes the Alarm Transmit and Auxiliary Alarm Relay to reset on Signal Silence rather than by the Reset switch.	No	Enabled or Disabled (unchecked)	Disabled (unchecked)
APB200(CO)A Sounder base correlation to Fire input	Yes	No sound (no correlation), Temporal (Temporal-3), March Code, Continuous Tone.	Temporal 3
APB200(CO)A Sounder base correlation to CO input	Yes	No sound (no correlation), Temporal (Temporal-3), Temporal 4 (correlated to CO input), March Code, Continuous Tone	Temporal 4 (correlated to CO input) if CO sensor is set to initiate a CO Alarm No sound (no correlation) if CO sensor is set to initiate a Supervisory Signal **Note:** If CO sensor is set to Alarm, it must report to emergency response and Remote Receiver to meet the Standard for the Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Warning Equipment, NFPA 720
New Alarm (see LT-1148) This timer specifies the amount of time that the alarm plays on outputs correlated with the **New Alarm Active** Common System Status.	Yes	10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120 seconds	60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120 seconds
Auto Resound (see LT-1148) This timer specifies the time, in minutes, after which the signals will resound if an alarm remains unacknowledged.	Yes	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 minutes	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 minutes

5.1 Addressable/Analog Devices

The FX-3500RCU System supports up to 3 loops of Advanced Protocol and CLIP compatible devices.

Using the **Advanced Protocol** the FX-3500RCU supports up to:

- 159 physical addressable sensors per loop.
- 159 physical addressable modules per loop.

Using the **CLIP** protocol the FX-3500RCU supports up to:

- 99 analog sensors per loop.
- 99 analog modules per loop.

Configuration is done via the software Configurator.

Notes: When mixing modes every address assigned to CLIP removes the equal amount of addresses from the Advanced Protocol addressable sensor and addressable module range.

Additional Information

- The addressable loop can be configured for Class A, Class B, or Class X operation.
- T-tapping is not recommended.
- Unshielded twisted pair (UTP) is recommended.
- Conventional devices can be used in a semi addressable application in conjunction with MIX-M502M, MIX-M502MA, MIX-M502MAP, or MIX-M502MAPA Intelligent Addressable Interface Modules.
- A short or open on the loop will activate the common trouble sequence with a latching trouble. (Class A only)
- DO NOT connect more than 25 devices to a single isolator or between isolators.
- The FX-3500RCU FACP will test the sensitivity of a single sensor address every 4 minutes. Each address will be tested once in approximately every 11 hours.

5.1.1 Supervision of Devices

The loop interface software continuously supervises the devices on its loop against those found during configuration for the following conditions:

- Device missing.
- Unconfigured device responding.
- Two or more devices responding to the same address.
- Wrong device type.

A communication or addressing error on a device is reported as a trouble on the associated zone LED as configured. The detectors may be configured as non-verified or verified alarm inputs.

5.1.2 Device LEDs

- Polling the devices on the loop causes the LED to flash normally.
- All device LEDs can be suppressed via the Configurator. Suppressing a CLIP device's LEDs causes its sounder or relay bases to not operate.
- Activating devices on the loop (alarm for an input device, active for an output device) illuminates the LED steady.
- The maximum number of active Advanced Protocol and/or CLIP devices with their LED illuminated steady is fifty (50) per loop.

- With Select Series devices, the LED flashes green for polling, amber for fault, and red for alarm. (System Sensor Select Series devices have a 3 as the second digit of the name, for example MIX-2351AP.)

5.1.3 Alarm Conditions

Alarm conditions are determined by the system continually polling the analog devices and comparing the reported value against stored thresholds for pre-alarm and alarm conditions. An agency approved range of thresholds is provided for each type of analog device (except for contact devices).

Devices can be individually configured with 2 separate thresholds, “day time” and one “night time” or after hours operation; i.e. a device may be configured to a low sensitivity for “day time” and high sensitivity at “night time”. The day time threshold will be used unless the after hours operation is active. To configure threshold settings, Enable Auto After Hours must be selected in the Configurator.

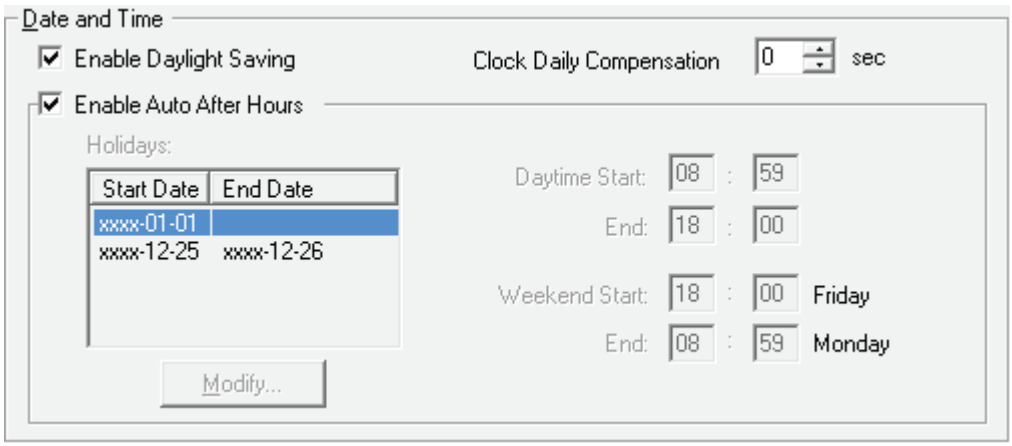


Figure 12 FX-3500RCU Configurator Date and Time Settings

The panel can provide up to 280mA of current to the devices on the loop at normal standby. For device currents see Appendix E - Battery Calculations on page 98.

For further information refer to the device Installation Instructions and other documentation provided with the addressable devices, bases, and isolators.

5.1.4 Drift Compensation

Drift Compensation is built into AP devices and CLIP devices Models MIX-2251TMB and MIX-7251B, and is not performed by the panel. Drift Compensation is not provided for other CLIP devices.

Drift compensation automatically adjusts for gradually increasing effects of dust and other accumulations of dirt in the detectors. It will adjust the thresholds to compensate for a detector going dirty according to the gradual change in the normal clean air value received. When it can no longer compensate for an increasingly dirty detector, a dirty detector trouble is indicated for that device.

5.1.5 Auto Test

Periodically each detector is commanded to return an alarm value to test its ability to alarm. If the device fails the test, a trouble is indicated on that device. This trouble is latched until system reset.

5.2 Configurable Input Types

Input devices and modules may be configured as one of many possible input types. Table 8 identifies the device types assignable to each input type. For device type descriptions see sections 5.2.1 to 5.2.14.

Table 8 Configurable Input Types

Input Type	As listed in Configurator	Description located in Section number	Device Types	
			Detectors Dual Mini Modules Zone Module	Mini Monitor Module Monitor Module
Alarm Input	Alarm Input	5.2.1	X	X
Hazard Abort Switch	Haz Abort Sw	5.2.2		X
Hazard Release Switch	Haz Release Sw	5.2.3		X
Latched Supervisory	Latched Supv	5.2.4	X	X
Building/Property Safety Input	Building	5.2.5	X	X
Non-Latching Supervisory	Non-Latch Supv	5.2.4	X	X
Priority Alarm	Priority Alm	5.2.6	X	X
Trouble Input	Trouble Input	5.2.7	X	X
Waterflow Alarm Input	Waterflow	5.2.8		X
System Reset	Sys Reset	5.2.9		X
Fire Drill	Fire Drill	5.2.9		X
Acknowledge	Ack	5.2.9		X
Total Evacuation	Total Evac	5.2.9		X
Auxiliary Disconnect	Aux Disc	5.2.9		X
Buzzer Silence	Buzz Sil	5.2.9		X
Signal Silence	Signal Silence	5.2.9		X
Acknowledge General Alarm	Ack GA	5.2.9		X
Audible Walktest	Audible Walktest	5.2.10		X
Silent Test	Silent Test	5.2.11		X
Manual Day/Night	Manual Day/ Night			X
Auto Day/Night	Auto Day/Night			X
Auxiliary Reset	Auxiliary Reset	5.2.9		X
Verified Alarm	Verified Alm	5.2.14	X	

5.2.1 Alarm Input (Non-Verified)

An un-bypassed, non-verified alarm input entering into alarm activates the common alarm sequence.

Common Alarm Sequence

- Updates un-bypassed relay, signal, and strobe outputs based upon their configuration.
- Activates Alarm zone status indicators associated with the input.
- Alarm input activations display first and as the highest priority on the shared display in the common queue.
- Devices configured as alarm inputs display a pre-alarm condition on the shared display and on the alarm zone status indicator.
- Restoring the pre-alarm condition clears the status. If the input goes from pre-alarm to alarm, the pre-alarm status will be replaced with the alarm status for the input.
- Devices configured as alarm inputs display an alarm condition on the shared display and on the alarm zone status indicator.
- Once an alarm input is in alarm the alarm condition is latched until system reset (changes in status from alarm to pre-alarm or to normal are ignored).

5.2.2 Hazard Abort Switch

Configures the device as a Hazard Abort switch. For more information on releasing applications, see *LT-1091 FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panel Releasing Application Guide*. (See Related Documents on page 16.)

5.2.3 Hazard Release Switch

Configures the device as a Hazard Release switch. For more information on releasing applications, see *LT-1091 FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panel Releasing Application Guide*. (See Related Documents on page 16.)

5.2.4 Supervisory Inputs

Attention: Non-latching supervisory inputs are not permitted in Canada unless done so by the AHJ as per ULC-S527-11 4.6.3.

Devices can be configured as latching or non-latching supervisory inputs. Any un-bypassed supervisory input entering alarm activates the common supervisory sequence.

Common Supervisory Sequence

- Updates un-bypassed relay, signal, and strobe outputs based upon their configuration.
- Activates Supervisory zone status indicators associated with the input.
- Supervisory input activations display as the second highest priority on the shared display in the common queue.
- Devices configured as supervisory inputs display as supervisory conditions on the shared display and on the supervisory zone status indicator.
- Restoring the non-latching supervisory input returns all outputs correlated to the input, that are not correlated to another active input, to normal.
- Zone display indicators update announcing the input is no longer active and removes the message from the shared display common queue.
- If there are no other active supervisory inputs the common supervisory condition will be restored.

Latched supervisory inputs operate the same as non-latched supervisory inputs with one exception:

- A normal to off-normal status change indication shall be latched and only manually resettable at the control unit or display and control centre.

5.2.5 Building/Property Safety Input

Building/Property Safety Inputs may include but are not limited to: fan status, dampers, motors, elevators, telephones, etc.

Building/Property Safety Inputs may be programmed to LED Indicators. The input status will activate the LED as configured.

- Building input activations display as the third highest priority on the shared display in the common queue. They are lower than supervisory and higher than troubles.
- May also be programmed to relay, signal, and strobe outputs.

Caution: **Correlating signal and strobe devices to building/property safety inputs requires the approval of the AHJ and are not to be used for fire events.**

- When an un-bypassed building circuit activates, the status display and programmed outputs are activated.
- Restoring the building status returns all outputs correlated to the input, that are not correlated to another active input, to normal.

Note: Devices used for building inputs are to be isolated from fire operation. It is required that these devices are placed on a separate SLC loop if Class B wiring is used, otherwise wire the devices according to Class X (Style 7) to accomplish isolation.

5.2.6 Priority Alarm

Increases the polling frequency and optimizes the transmission of data from the device.

5.2.7 Trouble-Only Input

An active condition on an un-bypassed trouble-only input initiates the common trouble sequence as a non-latching trouble.

- Activates Trouble zone status indicators associated with the input.
- Trouble input activations display as the lowest priority on the shared display in the common queue.
- May also be programmed to relay, signal, and strobe outputs.

Note: Trouble conditions initiated as a result of a trouble-only input activating is separate from the circuit or device supervision trouble.

5.2.8 Waterflow Alarm Input

Waterflow inputs are sampled every second. 10 samples in alarm in any given 15 second period confirms the alarm condition. Therefore from a continuous input activation the alarm will be processed within 10s.

LED Indication

The Alarm Zone LED indicator flashes when one sample indicates an alarm condition. If the alarm is confirmed the LED indicator will illuminate steady. If 15 seconds elapses without any samples in the alarm condition the LED Indicator will turn OFF. The waterflow retard operation operates regardless of whether or not the system is in alarm.

Note: Do not use the retard operation with any external retarding device.

5.2.9 System Status Correlations

The following System Status processes can be correlated to configured (mini) monitor modules:

- System Reset
- Fire Drill
- Acknowledge
- Total Evacuation
- Buzzer Silence
- Signal Silence
- Acknowledge General Alarm
- Auxiliary Disconnect

Attention: Devices correlated with any of the above System Statuses need to be contained within a secured enclosure accessibly only to those with the proper authority.

5.2.10 Audible Walktest

Configures (mini) monitor modules as audible when conducting a walktest. For more information on performing a walktest see 5.11.6 Walk Test.

5.2.11 Silent Test

Configures (mini) monitor modules as silent when conducting a walktest. For more information on performing a walktest see 5.11.6 Walk Test.

5.2.12 Manual Day/Night

Configures (mini) monitor modules for manual day/night alarm thresholds. For more information on alarm thresholds see 5.1.3 Alarm Conditions.

5.2.13 Auto Day/Night

Configures (mini) monitor modules for auto day/night alarm thresholds. For more information on alarm thresholds see 5.1.3 Alarm Conditions.

5.2.14 Verified Alarm Input

Un-bypassed verified alarm inputs entering into alarm are verified over a period of time to determine if the alarm condition is valid.

Addressable / Analog Device Verification Process

If the system is not already in alarm:

1. A device entering into alarm initiates a 30 second delay timer.
2. When the 30 second delay times out the device is monitored for the next 60 seconds.
3. If the same device enters into alarm again during this time the alarm is confirmed. The following will also confirm the alarm:
   - Any additional Alarm Input activating aborts the verification process and confirms the alarm.
   - Any trouble detected on the circuit being verified aborts the verification process and confirms the alarm.

LED Indication

The Alarm Zone LED indicator flashes for the duration of the verification process. If the alarm is not confirmed the LED turns off. If the alarm is confirmed the LED illuminates steady.

Note: Conventional smoke detectors cannot utilize alarm verification with M502(AP) zone modules.

5.3 Output Types

Output devices and modules may be configured as one of many possible output types. Table 9 identifies the device types assignable to each output type. For device type descriptions see sections 5.3.1 to 5.3.4.

Output modules on the addressable/analog loop may be configured as any of the following output types:

- Signals
- Strobes
- Relay outputs
- Hazard Release

Table 9 Configurable Output Types

Output Type	As listed in Configurator	Description located in Section number	Device Types	
			Relay Output Module	Supv Output Module
Hazard Release	**Haz Release**	5.3.1		**X**
Relay	**Relay**	5.3.4	**X**	**X**
Signal	**Signal**	5.3.2	**X**	**X**
Strobe	**Strobe**	5.3.3	**X**	**X**

Additional Operation Features

- Regarding CLIP devices, once the FACP activates the sensor LED, an attached Relay/ Sounder base and any Remote Devices wired to the base are also activated. Suppressing the device LED via the NF flag in the Configurator means the Relay/ Sounder base and any Remote devices wired to the base will not activate.

- Regarding AP devices, once the FACP activates the sensor LED, an attached Relay/ Sounder base and any Remote Devices wired to the base are also activated. Suppressing the device LED via the NF flag in the Configurator still allows the activation of any remote device wired to the base.
- The panel can synchronize strobes directly without the use of the synchronous module.
- Depending on the device, the system can detect open and short troubles and report it as an output circuit trouble.

5.3.1 Hazard Release Switch

Configures the device as a Hazard Release switch. For more information on releasing applications, see *LT-1091 FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panel Releasing Application Guide*. (For the link, see Related Documents on page 16.)

5.3.2 Signal Output

For audible devices such as bells and piezo mini-horns. Signals operate in alert (two stage) and/or evacuation rate.

5.3.3 Strobe Type Settings

Normal (non-synchronized)

- Strobe circuits operate similar to signals except that they are always turned ON continuously (they are not affected by the alert or evacuation rates) if configured as Normal.
- Configuring strobes as Normal does not use a sync protocol for the output circuit.
- Silenceable or non-silenceable.

Synchronized

Output circuits can be configured with various synchronization protocols.

When the output circuit is configured as strobe and also configured as non-silenceable and the device used on the output is a combination of horn and strobe, then if the signal silence is activated while the circuit is active the horn(s) are silenced while the strobe keeps on flashing.

Synchronized strobes and strobe/horn models of the following manufacturers are supported: System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex, and Mircom.

Note: Silencing of the horn depends on the feature provided by the manufacturer of the horn/strobe combination. Some models of the horn/strobe combination may not have this feature and will not work as described above.

5.3.4 Relay Output

Un-bypassed relay outputs are activated if any un-bypassed input circuit or common system status which has been programmed to it is active. If the relay is configured as silenceable it is inhibited when common auxiliary disconnect is active. Relays also turned off if they are bypassed or if all inputs and system status correlated to the Relay Output are restored or bypassed.

5.4 NAC Circuit Operation

NAC Circuits can be configured as

- Signal Output

- Strobe Output
- Relay Output

For more information on Outputs see 5.3 Output Types.

Powered output circuits are supervised while they are not active for both open circuits and shorts.

The circuit will not be activated if there is a short trouble on the circuit. It will be activated if an open trouble is indicated. A circuit trouble activates the common trouble sequence as a non-latching trouble. Since open circuit supervision does not operate while the circuit is in alarm, if the circuit was in trouble before it was activated, it will still indicate trouble while active. The trouble condition will be re-evaluated when supervision resumes.

Output circuits configured as strobes can have sync protocol for synchronization if configured. Certain strobe and strobe/horns models of the following brands are supported:

- Mircom
- Gentex
- System Sensor
- Wheelock

For a complete list of compatible Horn/Strobes see LT-1023 on **http://www.mircom.com**.

When configured as normal, the output circuit is ON continuously when activated and does not use any sync protocol. When configured as non-silenceable strobes, the strobes cannot be silenced, but the horn can be silenced by pressing the 'signal silence' button.

If the strobe is configured as silenceable strobe both the horn and the strobe are silenced (stopped) by pressing the 'signal silence' button.

5.5 Single Stage Operation

In a single stage system, all alarm inputs are treated in a similar manner. Alarm inputs include any of the following:

- Non-verified alarm
- Verified alarm
- Waterflow alarm
- Sprinkler alarm

Any of the above alarm inputs activating when the panel is not already in alarm cause the following:

- The buzzer sounds steady.
- Cancels active fire drill.
- Common Alarm LED turns ON.
- Common Alarm relay activates if Aux disconnect is not active.
- The Auto Signal Silence timer activates (if configured).
- The Signal Silence Inhibit timer activates (if configured).
- If Aux disconnect is not active, activates all non-disconnected indicating circuits programmed to the input.
- Activates non-disconnected strobes associated with the input.
- Activates non-disconnected signals associated with the input at the evacuation rate.

Subsequent alarms when the panel is already in alarm, cause the following:

- The alert buzzer sounds steady.
- Resounds silenced signals, turns off the Signal Silence LED, and restarts the Auto Signal Silence timer (if configured).
- Activates continuously any additional non-disconnected strobes associated with the input.
- Activates at the evacuation rate any additional non-disconnected signals associated with the new input.

5.6 Two-Stage Operation

In a two stage system, alarm inputs are either first stage (alert) inputs or second stage (general alarm) inputs. First stage inputs include inputs from the following types of circuits:

- Non-verified alarm
- Verified alarm
- Sprinkler alarm
- Water-flow alarm

Second stage inputs include the following:

- Alarms on the general alarm inputs.
- Activation of the General Alarm button.
- Expiration of the Auto General Alarm timer.

Any of the above alarm inputs activating when the panel is not already in alarm cause the following:

- The buzzer sounds steady.
- Cancels active fire drill.
- Common Alarm LED turns ON.
- Common Alarm relay activates if Aux disconnect is not active.
- The Auto Signal Silence timer activates (if configured).
- The Signal Silence Inhibit timer activates (if configured).
- If Aux disconnect is not active, activates all non-disconnected indicating circuits programmed to the input.

If the alarm is a Second Stage alarm, the following occurs:

- Activates non-disconnected strobes associated with the input.
- Activates non-disconnected signals associated with the input at the evacuation rate.
- General Alarm LED illuminates steady.

If the alarm is a First Stage alarm, the following occurs:

- Activates continuously non-disconnected strobe circuits programmed to that circuit.
- Activates with the alert code non-disconnected signal circuits programmed to that circuit.
- Activates the Auto General Alarm timer (if configured).
- Acknowledge LED flashes.

Subsequent First Stage alarms when the panel is already in alarm, cause the following:

- The buzzer sounds steady.

- Resounds silenced signals, turns off the Signal Silence LED, and restarts the Auto Signal Silence timer (if configured).
- If the panel is not already in General Alarm, activates additional non-disconnected signals programmed to the new input with the Alert Code (see 5.3 Output Types on page 35).
- If the panel is not already in General Alarm and the Acknowledge LED is ON steady indicating that the Auto General Alarm timer has been acknowledged, restarts the timer and extinguishes the Acknowledge LED.

A second stage alarm (general alarm) when the panel is already in alarm causes the following:

- The buzzer sounds steady.
- Activates all non-disconnected signals at the evacuation rate.
- If the Signal Silence LED is ON, it turns OFF and restarts the Auto Signal Silence timer (if configured).
- If the Acknowledge LED is ON, turns the LED OFF.
- The General Alarm LED illuminates steady.

Alarm inputs are latching, they remain active until system reset.

Note: All circuits with process type designated as “signal or strobe” are automatically correlated to the “fire drill” and “general alarm” status.

5.7 Evacuation Codes

The following Evacuation codes can be configured for the FX-3500RCU FACP.

Continuous	On 100% of the time.
Temporal Code	0.5 second on and 0.5 second off repeated 3 times 1.5s pause
March Code	0.5 second on 0.5 second off.
California Code	5 seconds on 10 seconds off.

5.7.1 Two Stage Alert Code

When configured for Two Stage operation, the FX-3500RCU FACP uses a pre-configured Alert code that sounds prior to the evacuation code.

Alert Code	0.5 second on, 2.5 seconds off.

5.8 Positive Alarm Sequence

In a Positive Alarm Sequence (PAS) system, only smoke detectors can be dedicated as PAS inputs. PAS Inputs can only be from the following process types:

- Non-verified alarm
- Verified alarm

Any of these alarm inputs activating when the panel is not already in alarm causes the following:

- Buzzer sounds steady.
- Cancels active fire drill.
- Common Alarm LED turns ON.
- Individual zone LED (if programmed) turns ON.
- Common Alarm relay does not activate.
- PAS timer starts for 15 seconds.
- All outputs programmed to the input are not activated.

When the PAS alarm has been acknowledged by pressing the Alarm Cancel button within 15 seconds, the following sequence occurs:

- Buzzer silences
- Common Alarm LED remains ON.
- Individual zone LED (if programmed) remains ON.
- PAS timer starts for 180 seconds (3 minutes). This is the time allotted to reset the system and avoid any true alarm sequence.

When the PAS alarm has been acknowledged within the given time limits and the system resets, the following occurs:

- The buzzer remains silenced.
- Common Alarm LED turns OFF.
- Individual zone LED (if programmed) turns OFF.
- Cancels the alarm event with no log reference.
- Fire alarm system returns to normal.

If at any time during the Positive Alarm Sequence a second alarm (PAS or otherwise) is actuated or the given time limits expire, the fire alarm will go into evacuation mode and the following occurs:

- Common Alarm relay activates if Aux disconnect is not active.
- The Auto Signal Silence timer activates (if configured).
- The Signal Silence Inhibit timer activates (if configured).
- If Aux disconnect is not active, activates all non-disconnected indicating circuits programmed to the input.
- Activates non-disconnected strobes associated with the input.
- Activates non-disconnected signals associated with the input at the evacuation rate.

In a preconfigured FACP the Positive Alarm Sequence may be enabled or disabled as the user requires. For more information on enabling or disabling the Positive Alarm Sequence see 5.8.1 Enabling or Disabling the Positive Alarm Sequence.

5.8.1 Enabling or Disabling the Positive Alarm Sequence

Enabling or Disabling the Positive Alarm Sequence is done using the numeric keypad. For more information on how to use the Numeric Keypad see 6.2.1 Numeric Keypad and Cursor Buttons on page 63. For details on configuring the FACP for PAS see *LT-1148 Configuration Guide for the FX-3500 Fire Alarm Control Panel*. (See Related Documents on page 16.)

How to Enable or disable the Positive Alarm Sequence

1. From the Keypad of the FACP press **M** to enter the **Menu**.
2. Using the **Up and Down** cursor buttons, scroll to **Operation**.
3. Press **Enter.**
4. In the **Operation Menu** scroll to **Positive Alarm**.
5. Press **Enter**.

   You will now see the current status of the **Positive Alarm Sequence** and will be prompted to change status.

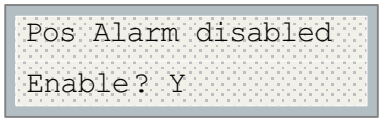


Figure 13 Enabling the Positive Alarm Sequence

6. To change the status press **Enter**.

Note: There will be no notification message advising a change of status.

7. To exit without changing the status press **Cancel**.

5.9 Remote Annunciator Operation

The FX-3500RCU System supports the following types of annunciators

- RAX-LCD-LITE shared display annunciator.
- RAM-3500-LCD shared display annunciator.
- Conventional LED/switch annunciators.

Both types of annunciators are connected to the panel via the RS-485 serial link.

The maximum number of annunciators is seven (7). Configuration of the annunciators is done via the software Configurator.

Ensure that the address DIP switch on each annunciator is set to the same value set in the Configurator. Only the first three (3) DIP switches are used for address configuration.

Table 10 Annunciator Address DIP Switch Settings

Address	SW1-1	SW1-2	SW1-3
1	ON	OFF	OFF
2	OFF	ON	OFF
3	ON	ON	OFF
4	OFF	OFF	ON
5	ON	OFF	ON
6	OFF	ON	ON

Table 10 Annunciator Address DIP Switch Settings (Continued)

Address	SW1-1	SW1-2	SW1-3
7	ON	ON	ON

5.9.1 Supervision of annunciators

- The communications with each annunciator is constantly supervised by the panel and the annunciator.
- If communications fails, the panel will activate the common trouble sequence. The number of annunciators is set during panel configuration.
- If there is a mismatch in the total number of annunciators the panel will generate communications trouble.
- The panel trouble is non-latching: when the correct number of annunciators is detected the troubles will clear.

5.9.2 RAX-LCD-LITE Shared Display Annunciator

- The RAX-LCD-LITE is equipped with a large 4 line x 20 character backlit alphanumeric LCD display which uses a simple menu system complete with a directional key pad and switches for Enter, Menu, Cancel and Info.
- Contains a local alert buzzer.
- Under normal operation the alert buzzer is controlled by the system and operates in an identical manner as the one in the main panel.
- If communication fails the buzzer is processed locally.

5.9.3 RAM-3500-LCD Shared Display Annunciator

- The RAM-3500-LCD operates identically to the main LCD FACP display.
- Contains a local alert buzzer.
- Under normal operation the alert buzzer is controlled by the system and operates in an identical manner as the one in the main panel.
- If communication fails the buzzer is processed locally.

5.9.4 Conventional Annunciators

The FX-3500RCU System is designed to interface with the RA-1000 series of conventional LED annunciators. The LEDs may be configured to zone status indicators. Each conventional annunciator contains a local alert buzzer. Under normal operation the alert buzzer is controlled by the system and operates in an identical manner as the one in the main panel. If communication fails it is processed locally.

5.9.5 SRM-312 Smart Relay Module

- Connects on the RS-485 loop along with other remote annunciators.
- Provides 12 relay contact outputs which actuate according to the first 12 remote LED groups.
- Relays are bypassed by Auxiliary Bypass
- Supervised as one of the (maximum) seven permitted annunciators.

5.10 Dialer Operation

The FX-3500RCU is equipped with a built-in dialer. The dialer provides a means to communicate panel status to the remote central monitoring station using two dedicated phone

lines. The two standard protocols for communicating with the central monitoring station are supported by this panel are as follows.

- SIA Format Protocol
- SIA Contact ID

Attention: As per UL 864 10th edition section 41.3.2.13 the dialer is not to call a number that is call forwarded.

The automatic telephone line test and trouble report must be sent to the same supervising station.

5.10.1 Event Reporting

Events are reported in a special format depending upon the protocol selected. For a complete description of the reporting codes see Appendix C - Reporting on page 94.

5.10.2 Telephone line supervision

The phone lines are supervised for the presence of

- DC voltage.
- dial tone, stuttered dial tone and message waiting tone.

Supervision is carried out every two minutes as follows:

1. DC voltage is supervised and if it is detected the dial tone is monitored.
2. If the phone lines are equipped with a house phone with proper connection and is in use the supervision is suspended until the house phone is ON-HOOK again.
3. If there is an event to be reported in the dialer queue and the house phone is in use the dialer tries the second line to report the event.
4. if that line's house phone is also in use the dialer seizes the line. The dialer disconnects the house phone and reports the event to the central monitoring station.

5.11 Using the Operation Menu from the Control Panel

Attention: It is critical to set the correct time, date, daylight saving time, and time compensation on the panel before operation.

Annual Maintenance Requirement:

Verify annually that the time, date, daylight saving time, and time compensation are correct.

See section 5.11.2 on page 45.

Operations of the FX-3500RCU Addressable Fire Alarm Control Panel can be managed via the Operation Menu on the LCD Shared Display. Accessing the menus is done via the Numeric Keypad and Cursor Buttons. For a complete description of how to use the Numeric Keypad and Cursor Buttons see Numeric Keypad and Cursor Buttons on page 63.

The following items can be accessed through the Operation Menu:

- Viewing the firmware version and model
- Setting the Time on the system

- Setting the Password on the system
- Viewing Reports
- Clearing Logs
- Walk Test Function
- Bypassing Relays
- Disconnecting Auxiliary Relays
- Testing the Dialer
- After Hours Operation
- Clearing Verification Counts
- Ground Fault Testing - Factory Use Only

Complete configuration of the system is done via the software Configurator.

How to Enter the Operation Menu

1. Press the **Menu** button.
2. Use the **DOWN** Cursor key to scroll to **3. Operation** and press the **Enter** button to enter the Operation Menu.

Operation Menu
1. Set Time
2. Set password
3. Reports
4. Clear logs
5. Walk test
6. Bypass
7. Aux. disc.
8. Test UDACT
9. After hours
10. Clear ver.cnts
11. Gnd.fault test
12. Positive Alarm
13. Pairing SndBase
14. Exit

Figure 14 Operation Menu

Note: Option 8. Test UDACT will only appear if there is a UDACT on-board.

3. To select an Operation use the **DOWN** Cursor key to scroll to desired choice and press the **Enter** button.

5.11.1 Viewing the Firmware Version and Model

1. Press the menu button (M), and then press the info button. (?)

   The firmware version and panel model are shown on the first line.

5.11.2 Setting the Time and Date

Attention: It is critical to set the correct time, date, daylight saving time, and time compensation on the panel before operation.

Annual Maintenance Requirement:
Verify annually that the time, date, daylight saving time, and time compensation are correct.

Date: Oct 08, 2005
Time: 10:00 PM

Sets the current date and time for the panel. Use the '#' key to move the cursor forward and the UP and DOWN key to change the date/time parameters.

5.11.3 Setting the Password

Sets the password for all three access levels. The minimum number of digits for a password is 4. For changing a specific level of password the password required is the equivalent level or higher level.

The user is prompted to enter the access level for which the password needs to be changed.

Access Level :1

The user is then prompted to enter the current access level or higher level password. The maximum number of digits allowed is ten (10).

Enter password
_____

If an incorrect password is entered an invalid password message displays on the shared LCD. The user is given three attempts to enter the correct password. After three failed attempts the display reverts back to the main operation menu.

Invalid password

If the password is correct the user is prompted to enter the new password and press the **Enter** button.

Enter new password
_____

To confirm the password the user is prompted to re-enter the password and press the **Enter** button.

Re-enter password
_____

5.11.4 Reports

Overview

Reports can be generated in command mode from the reports menu. Reports can be displayed in a special format on the shared display for the following items:

Report Menu
1. Alarm Log
2. Event Log
3. Current levels
4. Verif Counts
5. Maint Report
6. Current PWs
7. Obscuration
8. CO Maint Report
9. AP Device Type
10. AP Device Data
11. AP Group Param
12. AP Param List
13. Multi-addresses

1. Alarm log

The alarm log report displays the contents of the alarm event log on the shared display which contains the last 400 of any of the following events:

- Activation of any alarm input or common control which activates the common alarm sequence.
- Activation of system reset.
- Clearing of the event log (as the first entry).

Each entry contains the time and date of the event and a description of what the event was, for example:

Nverf alm ipt
Active 002/016

For input circuits the first line shows the programmed message, the second line shows the status of the circuit and the position of the event in the queue along with the total number of events in the queue.

Pressing the **INFO** key gives the following additional information.

Lp:1 Addr:002
Jul 20, 2005 09:25AM

The first line shows the loop# and the address, the second line shows the date and time when the event has occurred.

Other events are displayed in the same format with information applicable to that event only.

2. Event logs

The general event log report displays the contents of the general event log on the shared display which contains the last 400 of any of the following events:

- Activations of any input circuits.
- Restoral of non-latching input circuits.
- Pre-alarm on any device.
- Initiation of the alarm verification sequence on a verified alarm input.
- Any system troubles.
- Activation of any system common control or any command on the command menu.

The report format is similar to the alarm log report. Pressing the **INFO** key shows additional information about the log.

3. Current levels

The current levels report displays device information for each of all eligible devices on the target loop (specified by user) or on all eligible devices on all loops if user specifies target loop as '0'. Eligible devices will be those present in the configuration and also detected as present on the real loops. Browsing through target address can be done using Up/Down keys. User can indicate the device address to start with, but only if he indicated loop number as 1, 2, or 3.

Device information will consist of current analog values of the target and the percent of alarm if device is an input. When the **Info** button is pressed the device type will be displayed together with the alarm threshold if device is a smoke sensor.

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The display shows the loop number, device address, current level and the percentage alarm in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 2
Current level: 844
Percent Alarm: 1%

The user can press **UP** and **DOWN** cursor key to scroll through all the analog devices on the loop. If there are no analog devices on the loop the following message will be displayed.

No analog devices
found

4. Verify counts

The verification count report displays the number of times that the alarm verification cycle has been initiated without causing an alarm for all verified device or circuits on the specified loop or loops. If the count is zero, the device is not displayed.

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop#, device address and verify count in the following format:

Lp:1 Addr:001
Verify count :000

The user can press **UP** and **DOWN** cursor key to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the verify count is available. If there are no verified devices on the loop the following message will be displayed.

If no verified devices with a non-zero counter are found on the specified loop(s), a message is displayed to that effect.

No verified devices
found

Verification counters are cleared by the clear verification count command and at initial power-up.

5. Maintenance report

The maintenance report displays all smoke sensors on the specified loop or loops detected as dirty (% alarm > 75). The percent of alarm rises as the detector gets dirty. A trouble occurs once the percentage reaches 75%. The report shows the device address, percentage dirty, device type, and programmed message in the following format:

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The maintenance report is shown in the following format.

Maint Report
Percent dirty :012%

The user can press **UP** and **DOWN** cursor key to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the maintenance report is available. If there are no dirty devices on the loop the following message will be displayed

No dirty devices
found

6. Current PWs

This option reports on the pulse width current levels of addressable devices.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop number and device address in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 5
1: 300 2: 400 3: 604
4: 908 5: 604 (0)

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor key to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the pulse width report is available.

7. Obscuration

This option reports on the obscuration levels of the smoke detectors.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop number and device address in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 5
Current Obsc: 0.00%

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor key to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the pulse width report is available. The first line pinpoints the exact device. The second line is the present obscuration percentage of the device.

8. CO Maint Report

This report specifies which CO devices need to be replaced. Any device with a CO cell that will expire in 14 months or less appears in the report.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop number and device address in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 5
CO cell to expire in
7 months

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the report is available.

The first line pinpoints the exact CO device which needs to be replaced. Any device with a CO cell that will expire in 14 months or less appears in the report.

If there are no CO devices, then the display shows “No CO Devices to report”.

9. AP Device Type

This option reports on the internal parameter value indicating the device type.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop number and device address in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 107
AP Type: 56
OEM: 3

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the report is available.

The first line identifies the AP device, the second line specifies the device type ID, and the third line specifies the company (3 for Mircom, 11 for Secutron, 51 for System Sensor).

10. AP Device Data

This option reports on the Advanced Protocol device information. Generate this report when requested by technical support.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop number and device address in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 107
50, 122, 121, 0
0, 0

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the report is available.

The first line identifies the AP device. The third and fourth lines are the analog values retrieved from the sub-addresses in the device. For most devices, the usual value for the first number on the second line is 50, which indicates that the device is in a normal state.

11. AP Group Param

This option reports on the output group configuration.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Select all loops or a specific loop.

1 All
2 Loop

Enter the loop number of the desired device and press the **Enter** button.

Loop Number
Loop :__

The report shows the loop number and device address in the following format:

Loop 1 Addr. 107
0, 0, 0, 0

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the report is available.

The first line identifies the AP device, and the second line identifies the output group numbers for every device. A device can be in four output groups. The value **0** does not indicate any particular output group.

12. AP Param List

The AP Param List report displays all local parameters of an AP device currently connected on the SLC. This feature lists the internal register values of current AP devices. Generate this report when requested by technical support.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

Select “Y” or “N' at the “Single address” prompt. If you select “N”, the report will show parameters of all AP devices.

Single address:?Y

If you selected “Y”, select “N” or “Y' at the “Sounder base” prompt. If you select “Y”, the report will show parameters of the attached sounder base.

Sounder base:?N

If you selected “Y” at the “Single address” prompt, enter the address of the device.

Device Address
Loop: _ Addr: _

The display lists all the parameters of all the subaddresses related to the device.

Crt.	S/A	Parm#	Val
1	000	01	002
2	000	02	034
3	000	02	003

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to scroll through all the devices on the loop for which the report is available.

In this display “Crt.” indicates report line number, “S/A” indicates device current subaddress, “Parm#” indicates parameter number from the current subaddress, and “Val#” indicates the parameter value.

13. Multi-addresses

This option reports devices that have the same address.

If the panel is connected to a printer, select an output source:

- Report To -
1. Printer
2. Screen

If you selected “Printer”, select the address range. “All” selects all addresses from all configured loops and “Loop” selects addresses from one loop.

1. All
2. Loop

If you selected “Loop”, enter a loop number:

Loop Number
Loop: _

If the panel does not have a printer connected or if you selected “Screen”, the following screen appears:

Digital method ?Y

Select “yes” to detect duplicate addresses using AP commands.

Select “no” to detect duplicate addresses by measuring the overcurrent on the loop.

Loop 1 Addr. 107
Serial no:971C2A6D
Tested

Press the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor key scroll through the devices.

If you selected “yes”, the message “*** Multiple dev address” appears beside the devices with the same address.

If you selected “no”, the message “*** Multiple dev address” appears beside the address that is shared by more than one device.

5.11.5 Clear Logs

Clears the logs stored in the flash memory. Use the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to the desired log to be cleared and press the **Enter** button.

Select Log
1. Alarm Log
2. General Log
3. All Logs

A message prompts for confirmation.

Clear all the
Selected log (s)?Y/N

After confirmation the logs are cleared and the following information message is displayed:

Log(s) cleared

5.11.6 Walk Test

Initiates a silent or audible Walk Test. The following occurs when in Walk Test mode:

- Generates a non-latching trouble that clears after exiting the walktest.
- Cancelling the walk test is done by pressing the **Cancel** button or if no circuit activations are detected for one hour.
- Zone indicators, including the Smart Relay Module (SRM-312) function normally during the test, displaying the input status when it is activated.
- Other Relays and signal correlations to input circuits are not processed during walk-test. Correlations to system status will still be processed.
- All common controls and keys not explicitly required for the walk-test operation are disabled while the walk-test is active.
- The alarm verification and waterflow retard operation is disabled on inputs during walk-test.

During an Audible walk test:

- activating any input activates all signals for half a second.
- Trouble on any input activates all signals continuously for 5 seconds. After the code is transmitted, the input resets (if resettable) and is tested again. If it is still in alarm or trouble the code will be re-transmitted.

Use the **UP** and **DOWN** cursor keys to scroll to the desired option press the **Enter** button.

Select Test Type
1. Audible Test
2. Silent Test

The following message will show the walk test initializing.

Initializing
Walk test ...

While the walk-test is active the following message is displayed on the screen:

- Walktest Active -
Alarms: 000
Troubles: 000
Press ENTER to end

where nnn and mmm are continuously updated counts of the number of alarms and troubles which have been recorded during the test (alarms includes all input circuit types tested).

When the walk test is finished, the system will ask if you want to see the walk test report on a printer or on the screen.

Selective Output Testing

Walk Test can be operated with only a selection (up to 64) of outputs. To do this, select audible test. The next screen will be:

Select all NACs for
the walk test? Y

Select “No” by using the right arrow key and the next screen will say:

NACs selected
None ...

Use the left and right arrow key to move through the outputs you wish to active during walk test.

Note: Each event during the Walk Test is also recorded in the log. Therefore, any event past the 200 count will clear the log and be entered as event 1 and so on.

5.11.7 Bypass

The bypass operation has the following options:

-Bypass Menu-
1. Device/Circuit
2. Group
3. Loop
4. List Bypass
5. List Un-Bypass

1. Device/Circuit

Individual circuit can be bypassed using this option. The user is prompted for the device’s loop number and the device address to be bypassed.

Device address
Loop:__ Addr:

If the device is not bypassed the user is prompted to bypass the circuit.

Device not bypassed
Bypass ?Y/N

After the confirmation, the device is bypassed and the message appears that the device is bypassed.

Device /circuit
Bypassed

If the device is already bypassed the user is prompted to un-bypass the circuit.

Device now bypassed
Unbypass ?Y/N

After the confirmation, the device is un-bypassed and the information message shows that the device is un-bypassed.

Device /circuit
Unbypassed

2. Groups

Configured bypass groups can be bypassed using this option. The list of all the configured bypass groups is displayed and the user can select which group to bypass.

--- Bypass groups--
1. Bypass Floor A
2. Bypass Floor B
3. Bypass Floor C

Scroll up/down to select group and press Enter. If the group selected is not bypassed the user is prompted to bypass the group.

Group not bypassed
Bypass? Y/N

After the confirmation the group is bypassed and the message appears that the group is bypassed.

Group
Bypassed

If the group is already bypassed, the user is prompted to un-bypass the group.

Group not bypassed
Unbypass?Y/N

After the confirmation, the group is un-bypassed and the message is that the group is un-bypassed.

Group
Unbypassed

3. Loop

The whole loop either conventional or addressable can be bypassed using this option. The user is prompted to enter the loop number to be bypassed.

Loop number
Loop :__

If the loop is not already bypassed the user is then prompted to bypass the loop.

Loop 1 currently
not bypassed
Bypass? Y

After the confirmation, the loop is bypassed and a bypass confirmation message displays.

Loop
Bypassed

If the loop is already bypassed, the user is prompted to un-bypass the loop.

Loop 1 currently
bypassed
Unbypass? Y

After the confirmation the loop is un-bypassed and an unbypass confirmation message displays.

Loop
Unbypassed

4. List Bypass

A list of devices may be bypassed using this option. The user is prompted to enter the loop number associated with these devices.

Loop number
Loop :__

Next enter the address list of devices you wish to bypass. Use the following symbols to enter the address list:

Table 11 List Bypass Special Characters

Symbol	Number of times to press “1” key	Description
-	2	Sets the interval of consecutive addresses, e.g. 1-7.
,	3	Separates the addresses of the devices
!	4	Placed at the end of list to signify that no individual confirmation is required.

Enter bypass list...
xxxxxxxxxxxxxx

The message displayed if the current address carries no device is as follows:

Lp:x Addr:xxx
Empty Address

The following message is displayed to bypass.

```
Lp:x Addr:xxx
Bypass? Y/N
```

If the device is already bypassed the message is as follows.

```
Lp:x Addr:xxx
Already Bypassed
```

If the exclamation is not used, then there will be individual confirmation.

```
Device/circuit
bypassed
```

At the end of the bypass operation or if the exclamation is used, the message displays:

```
Done...
```

5. List Unbypass

A list of devices can be bypassed using this option. The user is prompted to enter the loop number to be unbypassed.

```
Loop number
Loop :__
```

Enter the list to unbypass, the last list bypassed will be displayed.

```
Enter bypass list...
xxxxxxxxxxxxx
```

If the list to be unbypassed is shown, just press Enter to complete the unbypassing. Otherwise, you may unbypass the devices one, two or more at a time.

```
Lp: x Addr: xxx
Un-bypass? Y/N
```

If you are attempting to unbypass items that are already unbypassed you will get an “Already un-bypassed” message.

```
Lp: x Addr: xxx
Already un-bypassed
```

Otherwise, if the exclamation is not used, then there will be individual confirmation.

```
Device/circuit
unbypassed
```

At the end of the un-bypass operation or if the exclamation is used, the message displays:

```
Done...
```

5.11.8 Auxiliary Disconnect

The auxiliary disconnect operation is performed by the following the steps below. If the auxiliary relays are connected the user is prompted to disconnect the relays.

Common aux relays
currently connected.
Disconnect? Y

After the confirmation the auxiliary relays are disconnected and the information message is displayed that the auxiliary relays are disconnected.

Relays disconnected.

If the auxiliary relays are already disconnected the user is prompted to reconnect the relays.

Common aux relays
now disconnected
Reconnect? Y

After the confirmation the auxiliary relays are reconnected and the information message is displayed that the auxiliary relays are reconnected.

Relays reconnected.

5.11.9 Test (UDACT) Dialer

Special function is provided to test the dialer operation. This function can manually test both the phone line L1 and L2 and also reset the dialer where all the events to be reported in the queue are cleared and the dialer status is reset.

---Dialer test ----
1. L#1 manual test
2. L#2 manual test
3. Reset dialer

5.11.10 After Hours

This operation allows to manually set the daytime or the night time mode of operation thus over-riding the current daytime or nighttime mode. The user is prompted for confirmation as shown below:

Day/night mode set
to manual daytime
operation
Change? Y

After the confirmation the user is prompted to enter which mode to be set.

Select Mode
1 Manual daytime
2 Manual night
3 Auto day/night

After the user selection and information message is displayed that the daytime nighttime mode is updated.

Day/night mode
updated

5.11.11 Clear Verify Count

This operation is used to clear all the verification counts accumulated during the alarm verification process. The user is prompted for confirmation as shown below:

Clear all
verification
counters? Y

After the confirmation the verification count is cleared and the information message is displayed that the counts are cleared.

Verify
Counters cleared

5.11.12 Ground Fault Test - Factory Use Only

Displays the system ground fault, positive and negative. When ground fault test is selected, your passcode will be requested. An example of a ground fault test result is shown below.

Pos.Gnd: 0.349V
Neg Gnd: 17.101V

5.11.13 Positive Alarm Sequence

If this feature is enabled the system allows for Positive Alarm Sequence alarm signals from automatic fire detection devices. This selection is mutually exclusive with Two Stage Operation, i.e. you can have one or the other and not both. Any devices deemed PAS will activate the common alarm LED, the individual LED (if programmed), flash the Acknowledge LED and sound the alarm buzzer at the panel. The LCD display will also declare the PAS alarm. There will be no alarm signalling initially. All evacuation signal and off-premises signalling will be activated if the Acknowledge button is not pressed within 15 seconds of the PAS alarm and the RESET button is not pressed within 180 seconds from the acknowledge, or if a second device goes into alarm.

Selecting this menu item will have one of three outcomes:

An error message when the feature is not configured:
“Enable Pos Alarm option first!”

An option to enable when the feature is available but has been bypassed:
"Pos Alarm disabled"
"Enable? Y/N"

An option to disable when the feature is available and enabled:
"Pos Alarm enabled"
"Disable? Y/N"

5.11.14 Pairing Sounder Base

When an addressable sounder base is added to the job in the Configurator, it is assigned an address based on the address of the AP sensor it is connected to. However, the physical sounder base has a default address which might not match the configured address. This mismatch generates a “mismatched address” or “unconfigured device” error on the panel. This error usually occurs on new installations, or in situations where the sounder bases have been replaced.

This option synchronizes the internal address of the sounder base with the address of the AP sensor it is connected to. This command applies only to the node that it is activated from.

The user is prompted for confirmation as shown below:

Confirm sounder addr
pairing?

The system synchronizes the internal address of the sounder bases on the node that the command was activated from.

5.11.15 Exit

Exits to the main command menu.

6.0 Indication & Controls

This chapter describes the LED indicators and controls of the FX-3500RCU.

6.1 Indication and Controls

FX-3500RCU Display Panel is equipped with the following

- 12 Control buttons with associated LEDs
- 16 button Numeric Keypad with Cursor buttons
- 6 Hazard Zones with 2 LEDs (red and yellow) each

Figure 15 displays the LED indicators and the control button on the FX-3500RCU main board.

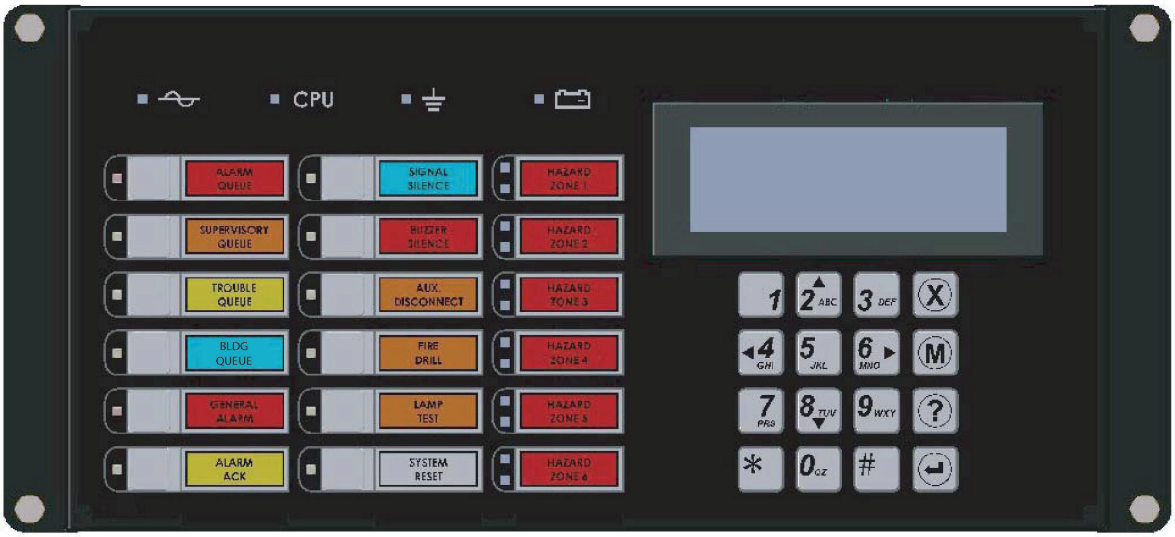


Figure 15 LED Indicators and Control Buttons

The FX-3500RCU has the ability for 2 additional RAX-1048TZDS. Each RAX-1048TZDS Display Adder Module provides annunciation for up to 48 Zones. Each LED zone has two LEDs.

- 1 Red/Yellow Alarm/Supervisory LED.
- 1 Yellow Trouble LED.

6.2 LCD Display

The display is a four line, 20 character back-lit alphanumeric LCD. It displays information regarding the panel, its circuits, and devices. An on-screen cursor is controlled by the cursor buttons for menu selection and control. Report information provided by the LCD display includes:

- Alarm Log
- Event Log
- Current Levels
- Device Information
- Verification and Maintenance Reports

Use the cursor buttons on the Numeric Keypad for menu selection and control. For more information see 6.2.1 Numeric Keypad and Cursor Buttons on page 63.

6.2.1 Numeric Keypad and Cursor Buttons

Figure 16 Numeric Keypad

Table 12 Keypad and Cursor Button Descriptions

Key	Description
2 ABC	**Key 2 (Up cursor)** Press this button to move the cursor or scroll up lists in a continuous loop.
4 GHI	**Key 4 (Left Cursor)** Press this button to add or remove the X from an option in the Configuration menu. See Appendix B - Manual Panel Configuration.
6 MNO	**Key 6 (Right Cursor)** Press this button to add or remove the X from an option in the Configuration menu. See Appendix B - Manual Panel Configuration.
8 TUV	**Key 8 (Down Cursor)** Press this button to move the cursor or scroll down lists in a continuous loop.
*	**Star Button** Press this button to move the cursor to the left or select options to the left.
#	**Pound Button** Press this button to move the cursor to the right or select options to the right.
X	**Cancel Button** Press this button to cancel an operation or exit a menu.
M	**Menu Button** Press this button to view the command menu.
?	**Info Button** Press this button for detailed information about a displayed item.
↵	**Enter Button** Press this button to select a displayed item.

6.3 Common LED Indicators and Control Buttons

For complete descriptions of all LED indicators and control buttons see the following table.

Table 13 LED Indicators and Control Buttons

LED Indicator and Control Buttons	Description
	**AC On Indicator** Illuminates steady green when the main AC power is within acceptable levels. The LED turns off when the level falls below the power-fail threshold and the panel is switched to standby (battery) power.
	**Ground Fault Indicator** Flashes yellow at the Trouble rate when a Ground Fault is detected on any field wiring. Clearing the Ground Fault clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**CPU Fault Indicator** Illuminates steady yellow at the Trouble rate when the processor ceases functioning.
	**Battery/Charger Trouble** Flashes yellow at the Slow Flash rate. Clearing the trouble condition clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**Alarm Queue Button and Indicator** Flashes red when there is an alarm in queue. The buzzer sounds steady. An alarm can be generated in two ways • When any Alarm configured point or input activates. • Pressing the General Alarm button and the system is set for Two Stage operation. Pressing the Alarm Queue button allows the user to cycle through and review a list of active alarms from oldest to most recent. Once all alarms in the queue have been reviewed the LED will illuminate steady. Resetting the panel clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**Supervisory Queue Button and Indicator** Flashes yellow at the Fast Flash Rate when a Latching or Non-Latching circuit is activated. The buzzer sounds at the fast rate. Pressing the Supervisory Queue button allows the user to cycle through and review a list of active supervisory alarms from oldest to most recent. Once all alarms in the queue have been reviewed the LED will illuminate steady. If all Non-Latching Supervisory circuits are restored and there are no Latching Supervisory Circuits active, the indication will clear and the LED will turn off. Resetting the panel will clear the activation of any Latching Supervisory Alarms, clears the indication and turns the LED off.

Table 13 LED Indicators and Control Buttons (Continued)

LED Indicator and Control Buttons	Description
	**Trouble Queue Button and Indicator** Flashes yellow when any trouble condition is detected on the panel. The buzzer sounds at the slow rate. Pressing the Trouble Queue button allows the user to cycle through and review a list of active Troubles from oldest to most recent. Once all troubles in the queue have been reviewed the LED will illuminate steady. Clearing all Trouble conditions clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**Building Queue Button and Indicator** Flashes yellow at the Trouble Flash rate when any Building condition is detected on the panel. The buzzer sounds at the fast rate. Pressing the Building Queue button allows the user to cycle through and review a list of active Building Conditions from oldest to most recent. Once all conditions in the queue have been reviewed the LED will illuminate steady. Clearing all Building conditions clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**System Reset Button and Indicator** The System Reset button resets the Fire Alarm Control Panel and all Circuits. Pressing the System Reset button causes a trouble to occur and the LED to illuminate steady yellow. The following events will occur • Resets all Latching, Trouble Conditions. • Resets all Initiating Circuits. • Resets 4-Wire Smoke Supply and Aux. Power Supply. • Turns off all Indicating Circuits. • Turns off Signal Silence, Ack & GA Indicators. • Turns off Fire Drill. • Stops and resets all Timers. • Processes inputs as new events. • Aux Disconnect is not affected. • Reset cannot be activated until the Signal Silence Inhibit timer has expired. Resetting the System clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**Alarm Acknowledge Button and Indicator - Positive Alarm Sequence** LED and Indicator are active only when the Panel is configured for PAS. Flashes yellow at the Fast Flash Rate as the Auto General Alarm Timer is timing. If the panel is configured for Positive Alarm Sequence (PAS), activation of the Acknowledge button within 15 seconds of a PAS alarm will delay a common alarm activation for 180 seconds. **The expiring of the Auto General Alarm Timer causes the Panel to enter General Alarm, clears the indication and turns the LED off.**

Table 13 LED Indicators and Control Buttons (Continued)

LED Indicator and Control Buttons	Description
	**Automatic Alarm Signal Cancel Button and Indicator - Two Stage Operation Only** LED and Indicator are active only when the Panel is configured for Two Stage Operation. Flashes yellow at the Fast Flash Rate as the Auto General Alarm Timer is timing. Illuminates steady yellow by pressing the Automatic Alarm Signal Cancel or Signal Silence buttons and cancelling the Auto General Alarm Timer. The expiring of the Auto General Alarm Timer causes the Panel to enter General Alarm, clears the indication and turns the LED off.
	**General Alarm Button and Indicator - Two Stage Operation Only** LED and Indicator are active only when the Panel is configured for Two Stage Operation. LED illuminates steady red when the following occurs: • Pressing the General Alarm button. • Activating a General Alarm Initiating Circuit. • The Auto General Alarm Timer expiring. Resetting the System clears the indication and turns the LED off.
 	**Signal Silence/Releasing Service Signal Silence Button and Indicator** Use Releasing Service Signal Silence for releasing operation and Signal Silence for other modes. Flashes yellow at the Trouble Flash rate when Indication Circuits are silenced by the following: • Pressing the Signal Silence button. • The Auto Signal Silence Timer. Any Subsequent Alarms cause the Signals to resound, clears the indication and turns the LED off. Pressing the Signal Silence button when the Panel is in Alarm turns on the Signal Silence Indicator and deactivates any Silenceable Indicating Circuits. Non-Silenceable Circuits are unaffected. Signals will re-sound upon any subsequent Alarm. This button does not function during of the following: • Any configured Signal Silence Inhibit Timer period. • If Fire Drill has activated the Indicating Circuits. **Additional Two Stage Function** If the Auto General Alarm Timer has not expired, this Signal Silence button also performs the same function as the Alarm Acknowledge button.
	**Buzzer Silence Button and Indicator** Flashes yellow at the Trouble Flash rate when the Buzzer Silence button is pressed. Any new alarm, supervisory or trouble events resounds the buzzer and will cause the Buzzer Silence LED to turn off.

Table 13 LED Indicators and Control Buttons (Continued)

LED Indicator and Control Buttons	Description
	**Auxiliary Disconnect Button and Indicator** Activating the Auxiliary Disconnect button activates the Auxiliary Disconnect function. The Auxiliary Alarm Relay is always disconnected with this button. The Common Alarm Relay, the Common Supervisory relay and all correlated alarm relays may be disconnected as selected through configuration. Activating the Auxiliary Disconnect button also causes the Common Trouble LED to illuminate steady, the common trouble relay to send a trouble message and the trouble buzzer to flash at the trouble flash rate. Pressing the Auxiliary Disconnect button again de-activates this function and the system will go back to normal.
	**Lamp Test Button and Indicator** Pressing the Lamp Test button illuminates all front panel LEDs on steady in the appropriate color and turns the buzzer on steady. If Lamp Test is active for more than 10 seconds, Common Trouble is activated.
	**Fire Drill Button and Indicator** Illuminates steady yellow during an active Fire Drill. Pressing the Fire Drill button activates all programmed and non-Disconnected Indicating Circuits. It does not transmit any Alarms via the City Tie, or Common Alarm Relay. Fire Drill may be programmed to operate specific NAC Circuits. Fire Drill is cancelled by pressing the button again (toggle switch), or if the Panel goes into a real Alarm.

6.3.1 Flash Rates

Fast Flash

120 flashes per minute, 50% duty cycle.

Trouble Flash

20 flashes per minute, 50% duty cycle.

7.0 Wiring

This chapter describes the proper field wiring for the FX-3500RCU.

7.1 Wiring Tables

7.1.1 Addressable Loop Wiring Maximums

Advanced Protocol and CLIP Devices

- Maximum Loop Current = 350 mA
- Maximum Loop Resistance = 40 ohms
- Maximum Loop Capacitance = 0.5 µF
- Maximum Number of Isolators = 20

Table 14 Advanced Protocol and CLIP Devices Addressable Loop Wiring Table

Wire Gauge	Maximum Wiring Run to Last Device	
(AWG)	ft	m
18	3030	923
16	4760	1450
14	7690	2343
12	9820	2993

7.1.2 RS-485 Wiring to Annunciators and other Devices

RS-485 terminals are 300mA power limited.

See the wiring information for the remote annunciator being used.

Use the **Aux. 1** terminals on the FX-3500RCU main board for powering annunciators.

7.1.3 NAC, Auxiliary Power and Releasing Device Supply Circuits

Table 15 NAC and Auxiliary Power Circuits Wiring Table

TOTAL SIGNAL LOAD	MAXIMUM WIRING RUN TO LAST DEVICE (ELR)								MAX. LOOP RESISTANCE
	18AWG		16AWG		14AWG		12AWG		
Amperes	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	Ohms
0.06	2350	716	3750	1143	6000	1829	8500	2591	30
0.12	1180	360	1850	567	3000	915	4250	1296	15
0.30	470	143	750	229	1200	366	1900	579	6
0.60	235	71	375	114	600	183	850	259	3
0.90	156	47	250	76	400	122	570	174	2
1.20	118	36	185	56	300	91	425	129	1.5
1.50	94	29	150	46	240	73	343	105	1.2
1.70	78	24	125	38	200	61	285	87	1.0

Notes: Main Board NAC Circuits are rated for of 1.5 Amperes each.

Maximum Voltage Drop Should Not Exceed 1.67 Volts.

7.1.4 Releasing Circuits

Table 16 Releasing Circuits Wiring Table

MAXIMUM WIRING RUN TO LAST DEVICE (ELR)						MAX. LOOP RESISTANCE
16AWG		14AWG		12AWG		
ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	Ohms
487	148	774	236	1231	375	3.9

7.1.5 Input Circuits

If using conventional input circuits in an FX-3500RCU system MIX-502MAP(A), MIX-502M and CZ-6 Conventional Zone Modules must be used. For a complete list of compatible 2-wire detectors see LT-1023 on **http://www.mircom.co**m.

Table 17 MIX-502MAP(A) Conventional Zone Module Input Circuit Wiring Table

Wire Gauge	Maximum Wiring Run to Last Device and Back (ELR)	
(AWG)	ft	m
18	3787	1154
16	5952	1814
14	9615	2930

Notes: Maximum Loop Resistance Should Not Exceed 25 ohms.

Maximum Wiring Run indicates wiring distance out and back to the panel. The resistance across the shorted wire should be less than 25 ohms.

7.2 Wire Routing

Notes: All external connections are power limited except for the AC connections to the transformer. Transformer connections must be routed separately from all other external connections using their own conduit.

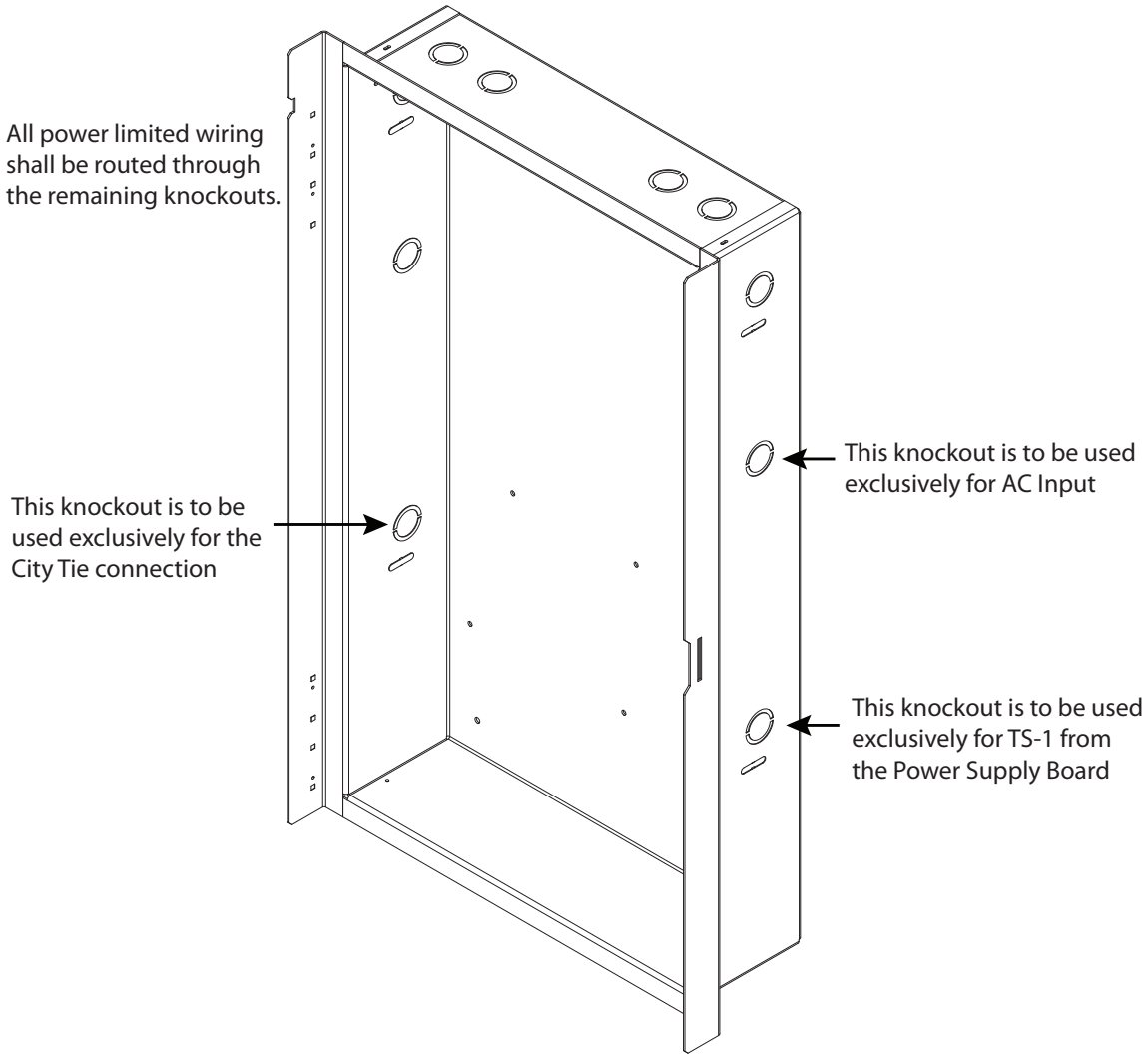


Figure 17 Wire Routing

7.3 Addressable Loop Wiring

Notes: When an SLC device is powered by the AUX output, the supervision of the power pathway shall match the SLC pathway performance requirements.

7.3.1 Addressable Loop Wiring - Class B (formerly Style 4)

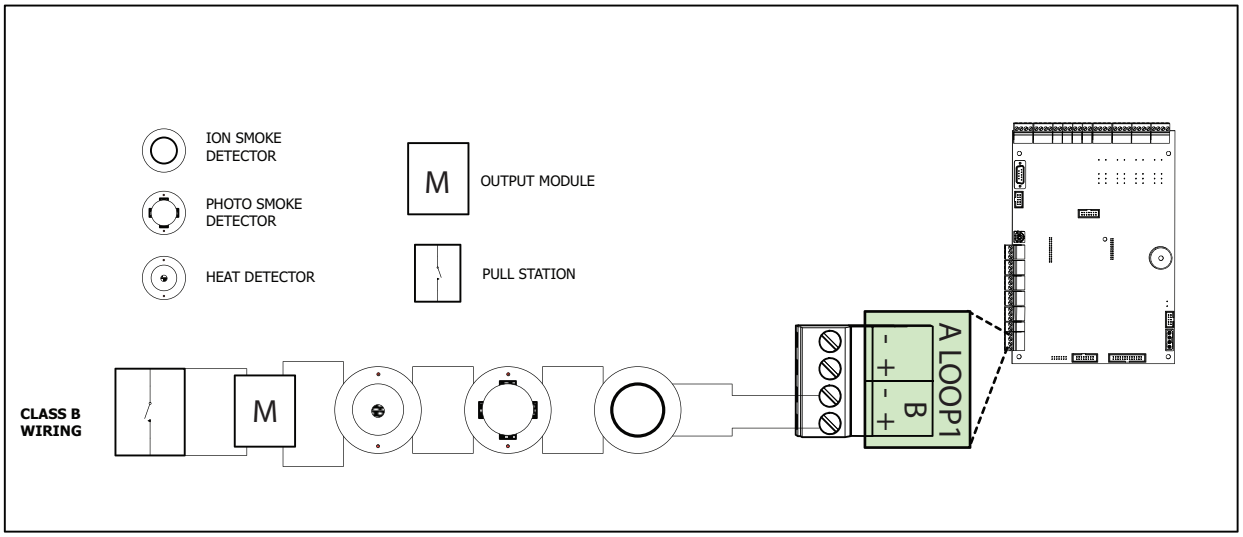


Figure 18 Addressable Loop Wiring - Class B (Style 4)

7.3.2 Addressable Loop Wiring - Class A (formerly Style 6)

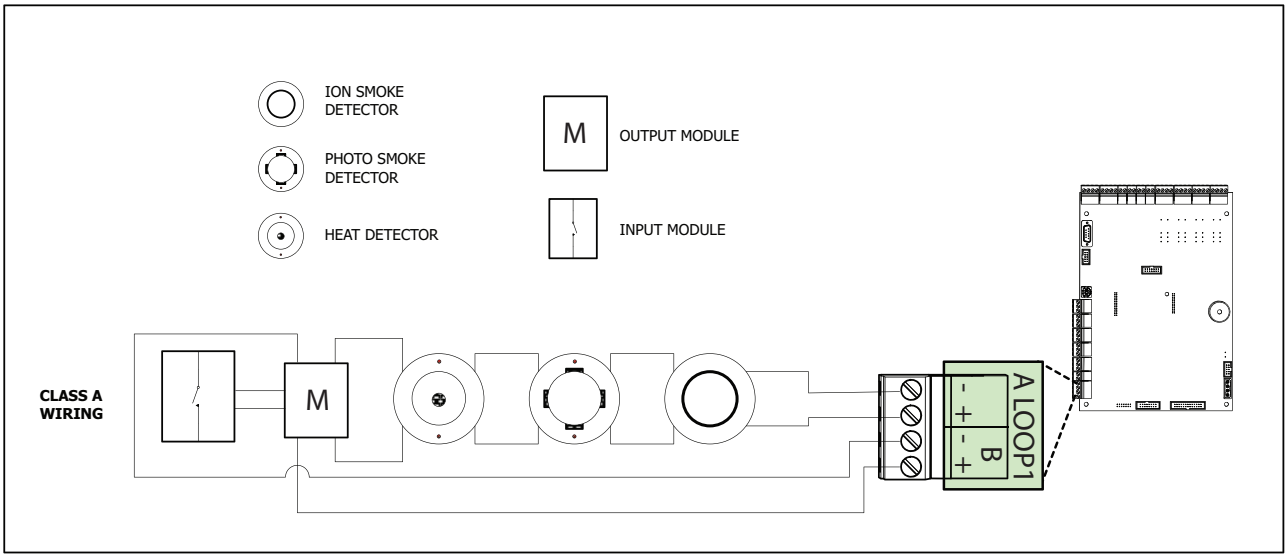


Figure 19 Addressable Loop Wiring - Class A (Style 6)

7.3.3 Addressable Loop Wiring - Class X (formerly Style 7)

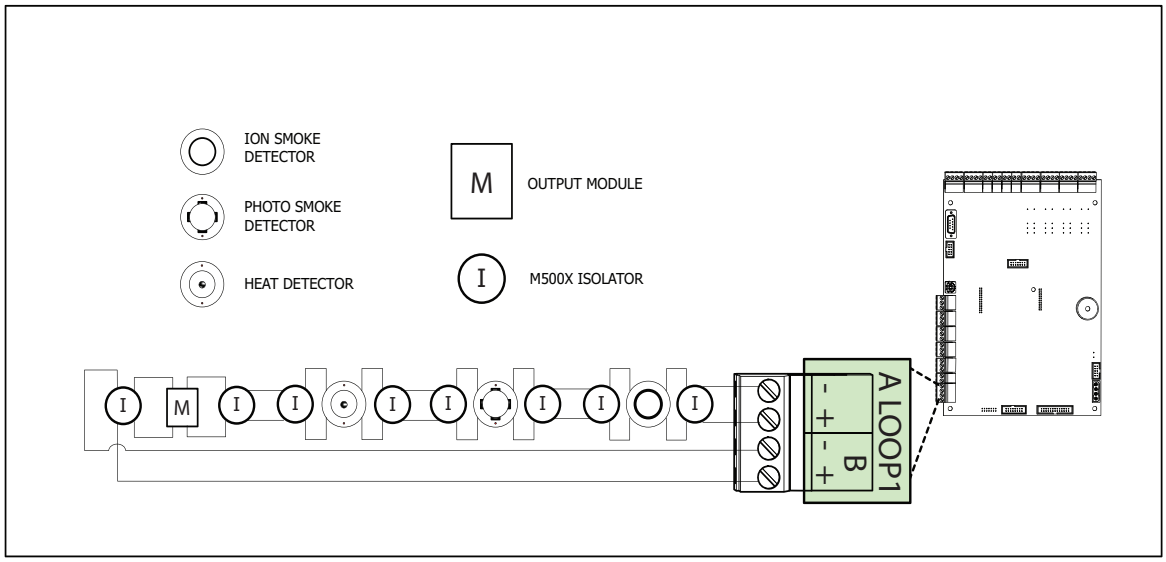


Figure 20 Addressable Loop Wiring - Class X (Style 7)

7.4 NAC Circuit Wiring

The FX-3500RCU supports up to 4 NAC circuits that can be wired as either:

- Class B (Style Y)
- Class A (Style Z)

To supervise each Class B NAC circuit, use a 3.9K End-of-Line resistor.

Each NAC circuit provides up to 1.5A, total 6A of current maximum if no auxiliary power is used.

For detailed wiring diagrams see Figure 21 NAC Circuit – Class B (Style Y) Wiring or Figure 22 NAC Circuit – Class A (Style Z) Wiring.

7.4.1 NAC Circuit – Class B (formerly Style Y) Wiring

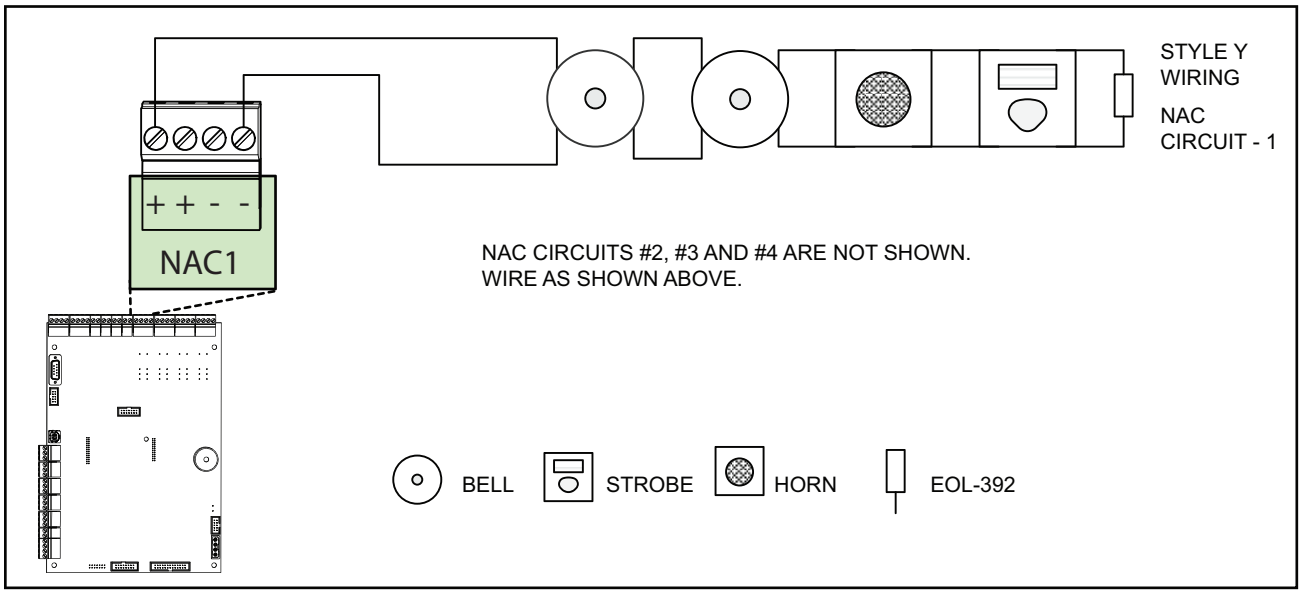


Figure 21 NAC Circuit – Class B (Style Y) Wiring

7.4.2 NAC Circuit – Class A (formerly Style Z) Wiring

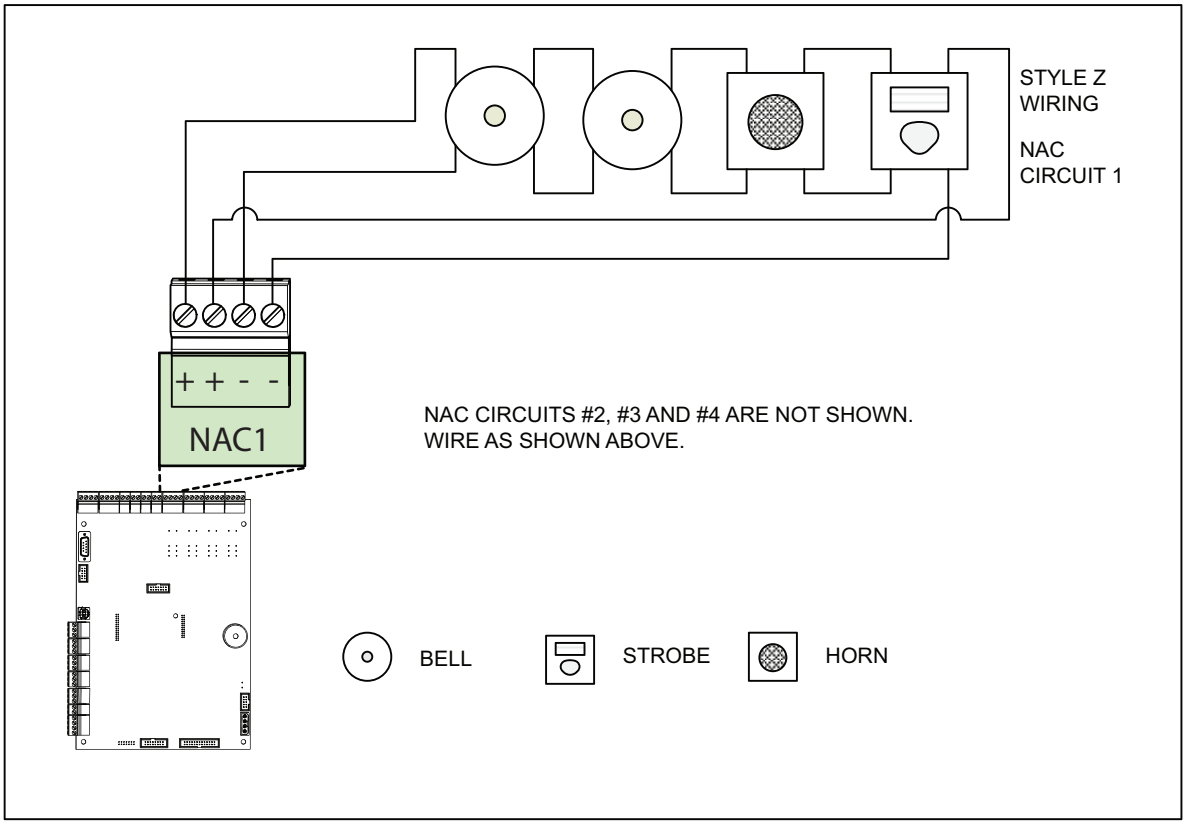


Figure 22 NAC Circuit – Class A (Style Z) Wiring

7.4.3 UL 864 10th Edition Addressable Supervised Output Module Wiring

As per UL 864 10th edition section 56.4.3, ensure that a single break, ground or wire-to-wire fault on the installation conductors of a signalling circuit for use with addressable notification appliances or modules shall not affect the operation of more than one notification zone.

Exception: Riser conductors installed in accordance with the survivability from attack by fire requirements in National Fire Alarm Code, NFPA 72.

7.4.4 RTI-1 Common Remote Trouble Indicator Wiring

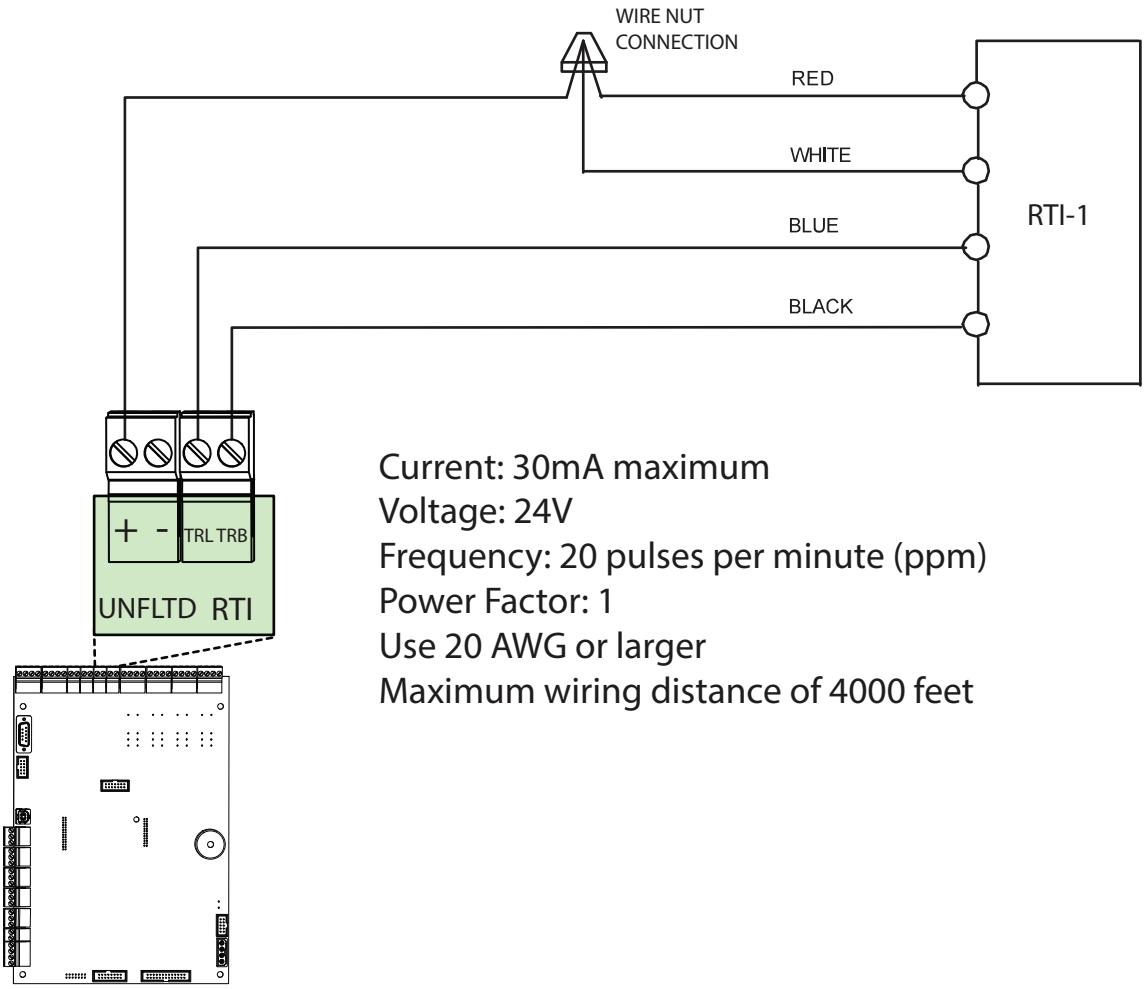


Figure 23 RTI-1 Common Remote Trouble Indicator Wiring

7.5 Releasing Circuit Wiring

Attention: See LT-1091 FX-3500RCU Releasing Application Guide for the list of compatible solenoids.

Only addressable M500S and MIX-M500SAP supervised output modules can be used as a releasing circuit.

The releasing circuit is wired as Class B. Supervision of the solenoid coil is performed by the MP-3500R/W Solenoid EOL.

Wiring for the releasing circuit is shown in Figure 24.

To comply with UL 864 10th edition May 7 2010 section 36.1.12, the disconnect switch must be a switch listed for UL 864 that has an appropriate current and voltage rating to match the maximum loading from the panel.

The following releasing disable switches are UL listed:

- Notifier: MRD-1 (UL file S635)
- Honeywell: MRD-1H (UL file S470)
- Potter: RCDS-2001 (UL file S2930

Solenoid EOL module (MP-3500R/W) is used to supervise the solenoid coil. If the solenoid is already fitted with the directional diode then only the 47K EOL resistor is used. The supervisory current passes through the solenoid coil thus confirming the integrity of the solenoid coil for open coil. The wiring is supervised for the open and short conditions.

7.5.1 Releasing Circuit Wiring - Class B (formerly Style Y) Wiring

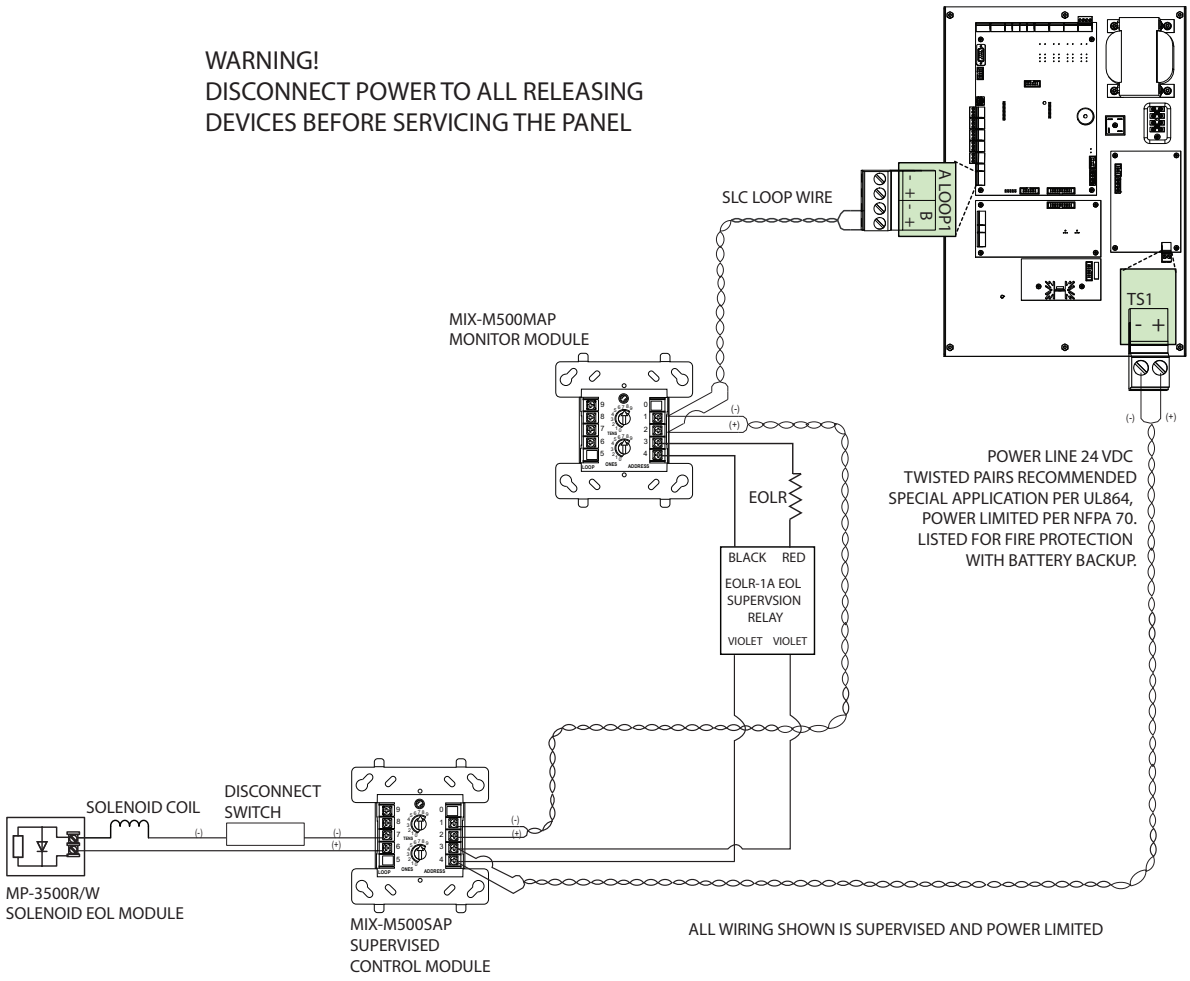


Figure 24 Releasing Circuit Wiring - Class B (Style Y) Wiring

7.6 Module and Devices Wiring

7.6.1 Dialer Wiring

Wire the Dialer to the Public Telephone Switch and premises Telephone as shown in Figure 25. For information on Compatible DACR Receivers see Appendix A - Compatible Receivers on page 87.

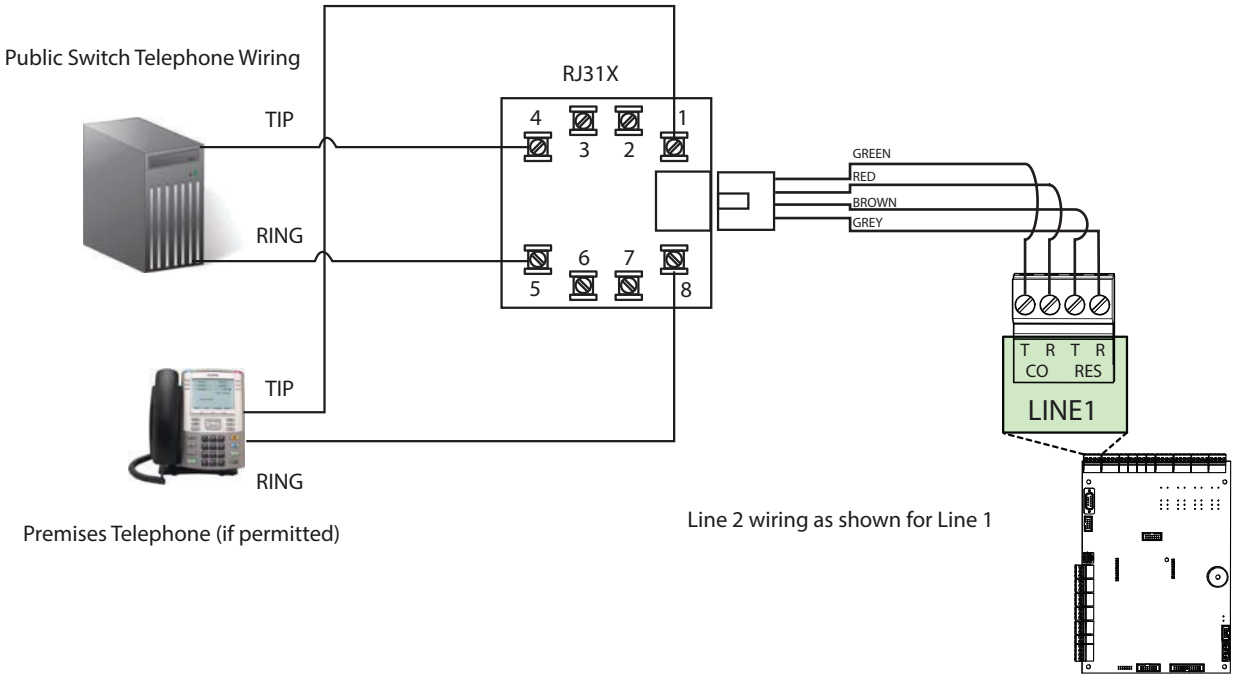


Figure 25 Wiring the Dialer

Caution: To reduce the risk of fire, use only No. 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.

7.6.2 Connecting to a 3G4010 Interface Device in Canada

A typical connection is shown in Figure 26. The PCS-100 Passive Communications Interface Board (sold separately) is required.

For information on Compatible Receivers see Appendix A - Compatible Receivers.

FX-3500RCU - 3G4010 Connection - Typical Diagram

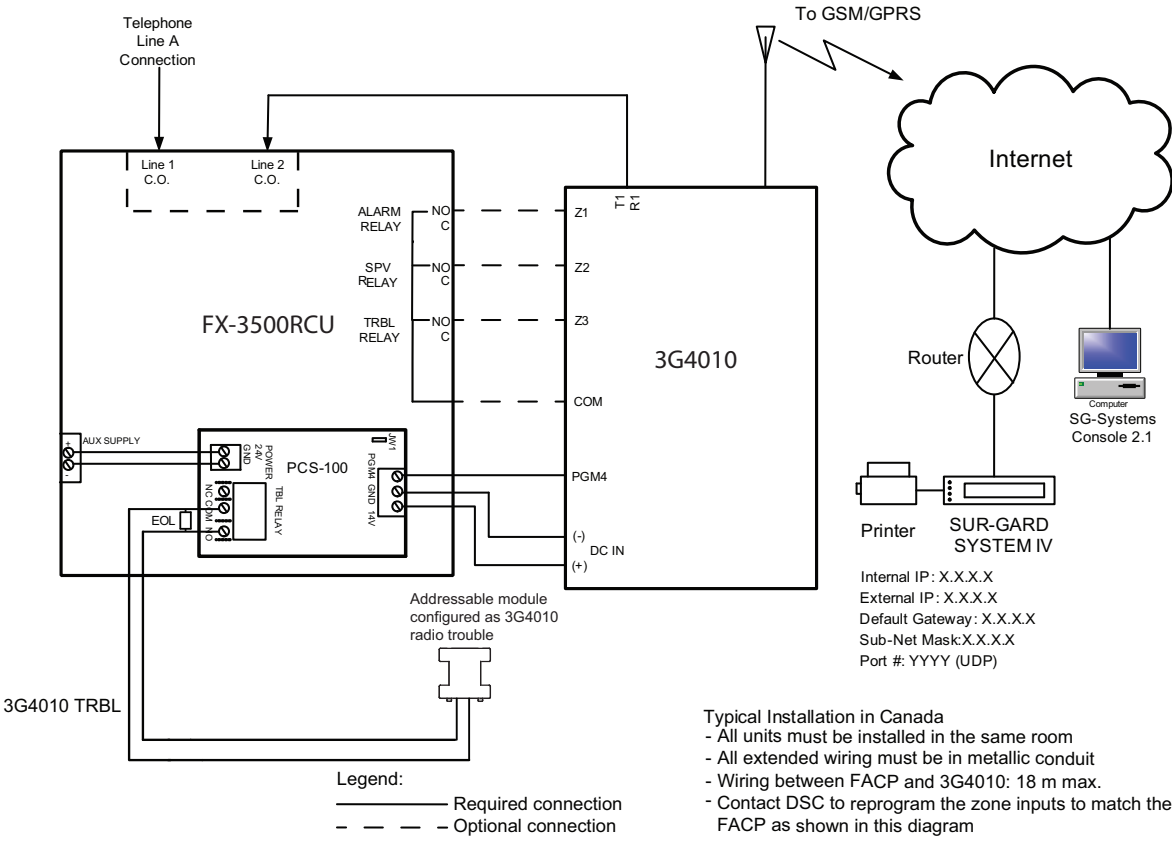


Figure 26 Connecting an FACP to a 3G4010 Interface Device in Canada

Note: The DSC interface device 3G4010 is required if the installation requires ULC S559 certification.

7.6.3 Connecting to a 3G4010CF Interface Device outside Canada

For information on Compatible Receivers see Appendix A - Compatible Receivers.

A typical connection is shown in Figure 28. The 3G4010CF is powered separately from the PCS-100 and requires 2 DSC RM-2 relays (sold separately). The PCS-100 Passive Communications Interface Board (sold separately) is also required.

FX-3500RCU - 3G4010CF Connection - Typical Diagram

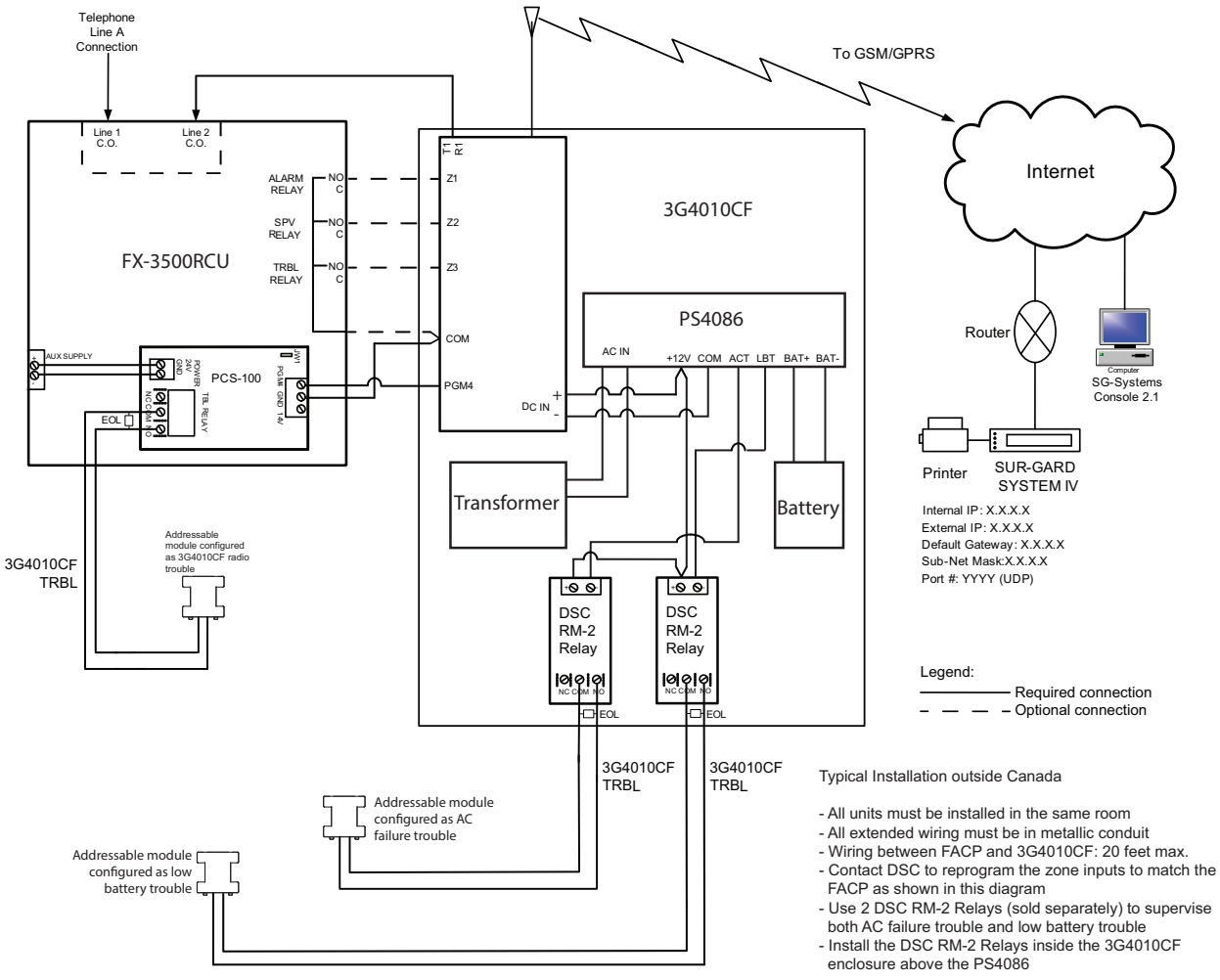


Figure 27 Connecting an FACP to a 3G4010CF Interface Device outside Canada

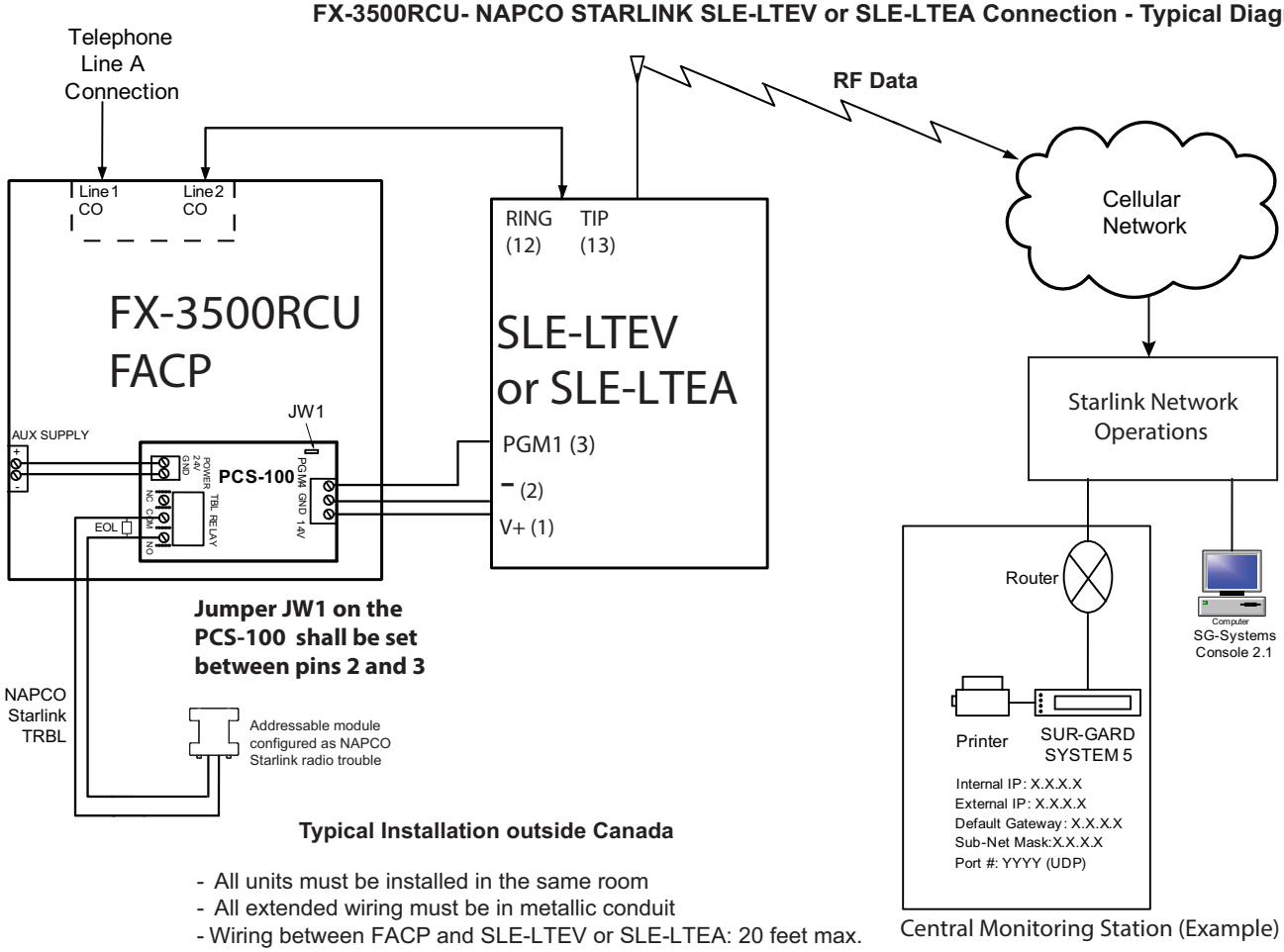
Note: The DSC interface device 3G4010CF is required if the installation requires UL864 10th edition certification.

7.6.4 Connecting to a NAPCO SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA Interface Device outside Canada

For information on Compatible Receivers see Appendix A - Compatible Receivers.

A typical connection is shown in Figure 28. The SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA is powered separately from the PCS-100. The PCS-100 Passive Communications Interface Board (sold separately) is also required.

FX-3500RCU- NAPCO STARLINK SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA Connection - Typical Diagram



Typical Installation outside Canada

- All units must be installed in the same room
- All extended wiring must be in metallic conduit
- Wiring between FACP and SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA: 20 feet max.

Figure 28 Connecting an FACP to a SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA Interface Device outside Canada

Note: The NAPCO interface device SLE-LTEV or SLE-LTEA is required if the installation requires UL864 10th edition certification.

7.6.5 PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module Wiring

Wire the PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module successfully as shown in Figure 29.

- Plug PR-300 ribbon cable P1 into connector P8 on the Main Fire Alarm Board.
- Remove jumper plug from JW7 on the Main Fire Alarm Board.
- Power Limited cable type FPL, FPLR or FPLP must be used.
- For USA installation, the installer must use Atlantic Scientific (Tel: 407-725-8000), Model #24544 Protective Device, or similar UL-Listed QVRG secondary protector, as shown.
- For installations in Canada, the Protective Device is not required but still recommended.

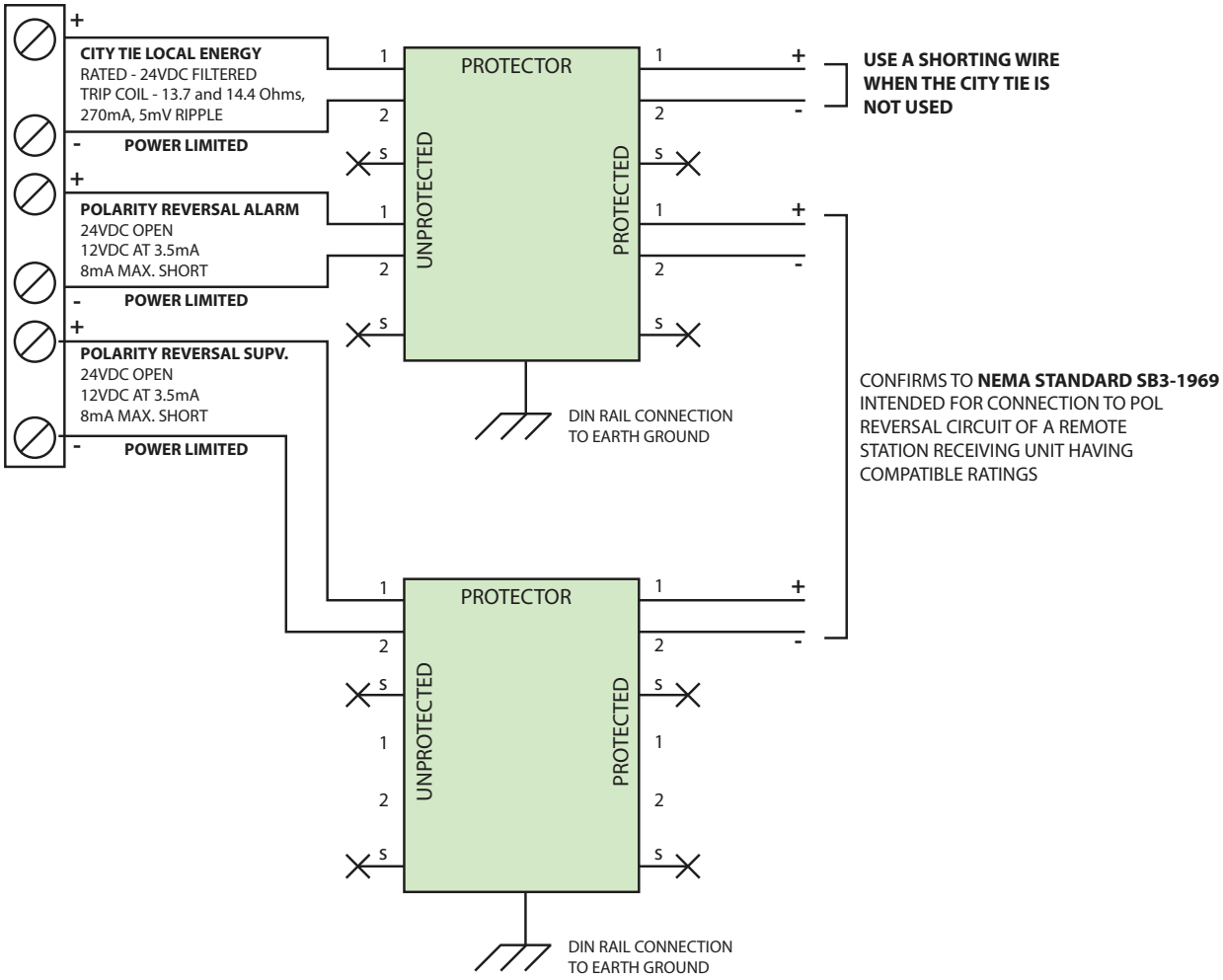


Figure 29 Wiring the PR-300 Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module

7.7 Power Supply Wiring

7.7.1 Main Power Supply

Wiring

Wire the Power Supply as shown in Figure 30 and adhere to the following:

- Ensure that the AC supply is disconnected before wiring the power to the panel.
- Wire the AC power to the AC wiring terminals as shown in Figure 30 using the proper wire gauge with 600 volt insulation and proper over current circuit protection that complies with local codes.

For FX-3500RCU Power Supply Electrical Ratings see Table 18 Power Supply Electrical Ratings and for Specifications see Appendix D - Specifications And Features on page 96.

Table 18 Power Supply Electrical Ratings

Type	Electrical Rating
Electrical Input Rating	120 VAC,60 Hz, 3.1 A / 240 VAC, 50 Hz, 1.57 A

Attention: The main AC branch circuit connection for the Fire Alarm Control Unit must provide a dedicated continuous power without any disconnect devices.

Fire alarm systems must be installed in compliance with local codes and standards and with the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

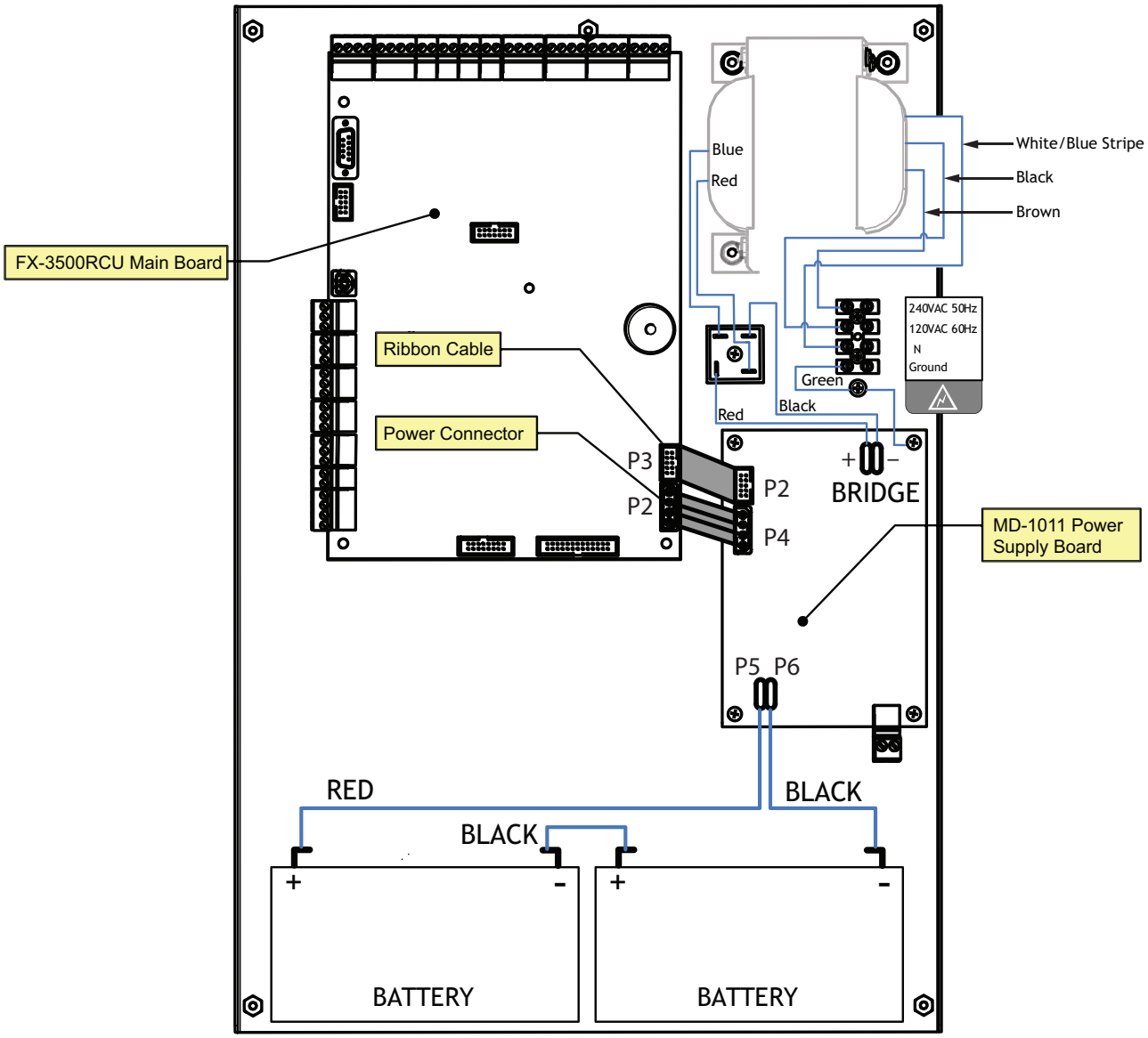


Figure 30 Main Power Supply Wiring and Connections

7.7.2 Supervision of Auxiliary Supplies

Note: Auxiliary supplies must be wired for Class B.

AUX. 2 Resettable Auxiliary Power (supervised, regulated)

The AUX. 2 resettable auxiliary power supply is supervised for shorts.

A short will:

- Disconnect the power until the “RESET” button is pressed.
- Generate a trouble signal

The circuit must be supervised for opens utilizing the End of Line Relay Model EOLR-1A. This supply is rated at 24VDC regulated/300mA max./1V voltage drop maximum.

AUX. 1 Auxiliary Supply (supervised, regulated)

Supervised auxiliary power is used to power the remote annunciators and smart relay modules.

This filtered circuit is supervised for shorts.

A short will:

- Disconnect the power until the “RESET” button is pressed.
- Generate a trouble signal

The circuit must be supervised for opens utilizing the End of Line Relay Model EOLR-1A as shown in Figure 15. This supply is rated at 24VDC regulated/500mA max./1V voltage drop maximum.

Unfiltered Supply (unsupervised, unregulated)

This unregulated supply is not supervised. When supervision is required, the circuit must be supervised for opens utilizing the (UL listed - S3403) End of Line Relay Model EOLR-1A. This supply is rated at 24V FWR/1.7A max. If there is a short on this circuit, the auxiliary power does not recover automatically when the short is removed. The main power and the battery must be disconnected, then reconnected and the panel reset to re-establish the auxiliary power supply.

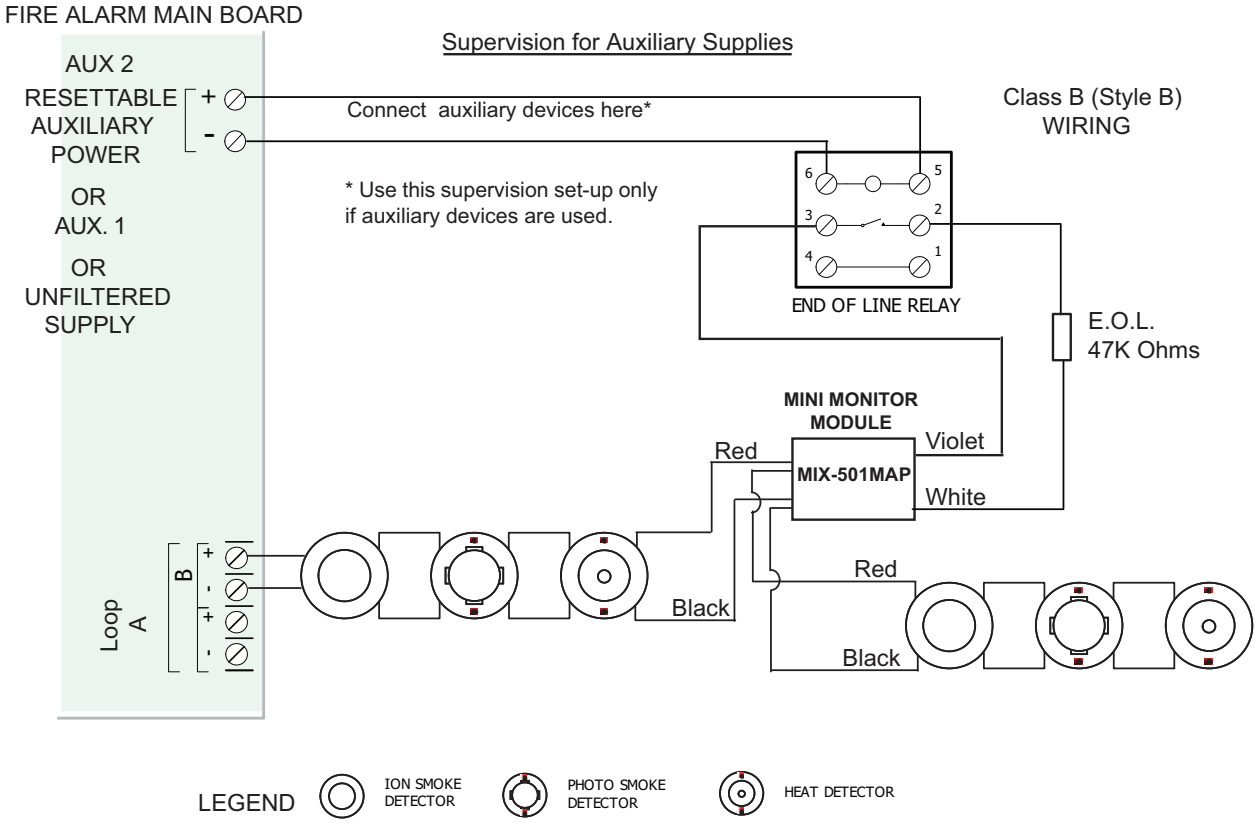


Figure 31 Supervision of Auxiliary Supplies

7.8 System Checkout

The following are the recommended steps before and during the powering up of the FX-3500RCU.

7.8.1 Before Turning The Power ON

1. To prevent sparking, DO NOT connect the batteries first. Connecting the batteries is only to be done after the system has been powered from the main AC Supply.
2. Check all field (external) wiring for opens, shorts, and ground.
3. **DISCONNECT POWER SUPPLY TO ALL RELEASING DEVICES.**
4. Check that all interconnection cables are secure, and that all connectors are plugged-in properly.
5. Check all Jumpers and Switches for proper setting.
6. Check the AC power wiring for proper connection.
7. Check that the chassis is connected to EARTH GROUND (cold water pipe).
8. Close the front cover plate before powering the system from main AC supply.

7.8.2 Power-up Procedure

NOTE: After power-up, the system may take up to four minutes to stabilize.

1. After completing 7.8.1 Before Turning The Power ON procedures, power-up the panel. The green **AC-ON** LED should illuminate.
2. Since the batteries are not connected, the **Battery Trouble** LED should illuminate, the **Common Trouble** LED should flash and the Trouble Relay (on the main board) will be active.
3. Connect the batteries while observing correct polarity; the red wire is positive (+) and black wire is negative (−).
4. All indicators should extinguish except for normal power **AC-ON** green LED.

7.9 Troubleshooting

The following are common methods to solving Circuit Ground Fault, Battery and Common troubles.

7.9.1 Circuit Trouble

Normally when a circuit trouble occurs, the Common Trouble indicator will be illuminated and the common trouble relay will be active. Additionally, the corresponding LED on the main board will be illuminated. This can be viewed by opening the panel and looking the top of the board. To correct the fault, check for open wiring on that particular circuit loop.

7.9.2 Ground Fault

This panel has a common ground fault detector. To correct the fault, check for any external wiring touching the chassis or other Earth Ground connection.

7.9.3 Battery Trouble

Check for the presence of batteries and their conditions. Low voltage (below 20.4V) will cause a battery trouble. If battery trouble condition persists, replace batteries as soon as possible.

7.9.4 Common Trouble

If only a common trouble is indicated on the main panel and none of those above confirming trouble indicators are on, then check the following for possible fault

- any missing interconnection wiring
- improperly secured cabling

8.0 Appendix A - Compatible Receivers

The dialers that are built into select models of the FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panels are compatible with the following Digital Alarm Communicator Receivers (DACR) listed:

Table 19 Compatible DACR Receivers

DACR Receiver	Model Protocols
SurGard MLR2 Multi-Line Receiver (ULC, ULI approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
SurGard SLR Single-Line Receiver (ULC, ULI approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
Osborne-Hoffman Quickalert! II Receiver (ULI approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
Osborne-Hoffman OH-2000 Receiver (ULI Approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
Silent Knight Model 9500 Receiver (ULI Approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
Radionics Model D6500 Receiver (ULI Approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
Radionics Model D6600 Receiver (ULI Approved)	SIA Format Protocol and SIA Contact ID
DSC SurGard System III Receiver (ULC, ULI Approved) *	SIA Contact ID
DSC SurGard System IV Receiver (ULC, ULI Approved) *	SIA Contact ID

Note: * when used with DSC 3G4010 or 3G4010CF Universal Wireless Alarm Communicator through wireless IP connection.

9.0 Appendix B - Manual Panel Configuration

COMMAND MENU

The command menu is the first menu displayed for command mode. The command menu is divided into four main sub menu categories, the configuration allows full front panel configuration of the system and the operation menu performs certain operations which may not be possible using the common control switches and indicators on the front panel.

-- Command menu --

1. Configuration
2. Auto config.
3. Operation

COMMAND MENU/ 1. CONFIGURATION MENU

The configuration menu is divided into the following sub menu items:

-- Configuration --

1. Panel config
2. UDACT config
3. Time config
4. AfterHrs cfg.

CONFIGURATION MENU/1. PANEL CONFIGURATION

The panel configuration is further sub divided into the following sub menus

-- Panel Config --

1. Features
2. Address cfg.
3. Device label
4. User message
5. Language

PANEL CONFIGURATION/1. FEATURES

The features described are the overall features of the system and their impact is system wide. The default setting in some features is shown as selected.

Press the Left Cursor or Right Cursor button to add or remove the X from an option. If the X is present, then the option is selected. For example, **[x] Enabled** means that the option is enabled and **[ ] Enabled** means that the option is disabled. If there is a list of options, one of them must be selected.

Panel Configuration/Features/Manual Signal Silence

Manual Signal Sil.

[x] Enabled

The manual signal silence option will allow silencing of the signal, from the common control signal silence switch, when they are active.

Panel Configuration/Features/Fire Drill

Fire Drill

[x] Enabled

This function is used to enable/disable fire drill operation from the fire common control fire drill switch at the front panel.

Panel Configuration/Features/Waterflow Retard

Waterflow retard

[ ] Enabled

If disabled, all the initiating circuits configured as waterflow act as non-verified alarms. If enabled, retard operation is performed for initiating circuits configured as waterflow.

Panel Configuration/Features/Auxiliary disconnect, disconnects alarm and supervisory relay

Aux Dis Alm&Sv

[ ] Enabled

If enabled the auxiliary disconnect operation, disconnects alarm and supervisory relays disabled the auxiliary disconnect operation has no affect on the alarm and supervisory relays. Default is disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Signal silence inhibit timer

Sig.sil. inh.

[x] Disabled

[ ] 10 sec

[ ] 20 sec

[ ] 30 sec

[ ] 1 min

Select the timer value for the signal silence inhibit timer.

Panel Configuration/Features/Auto signal silence timer

Auto sil. tmr

[x] Disabled

[ ] 5 min

[ ] 10 min

[ ] 15 min

[ ] 20 min

[ ] 30 min

Select timer value for the auto signal silence timer.

Panel Configuration/Features/Alarm transmit silence

Alm. xmit. sil.

[ ] Enabled

This feature allows the alarm transmits and auxiliary alarm relay to reset on “SIGNAL SILENCE” rather than the “RESET” switch if enabled. Default is disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Power fail timer

Pwr fail tmr.

[x] None

[ ] 1 Hr

[ ] 2 Hrs

[ ] 3 Hrs

This feature allows a programmed delay before the AC fail trouble is transmitted by **the optional PR-300**. (Note: the delay for transmission by the dialer is configured under Dialer Configuration – Item 4 –Time Parameters - AC Loss Delay)

Panel Configuration/Features/Common supervisory relay

Com. supv. rly

[ ] Enabled

This feature is used to make the common supervisory relay acts as a common alarm relay if enabled. Default is disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Signal silence isolator

Sig. isolators

[ ] Enabled

This feature makes the system aware that the isolators are present on the main panel powered output circuits if enabled. Default is disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Strobe types

Strobes type

[x] Normal

[ ] Gentex

[ ] System Sensor

[ ] Mircom

[ ] Wheelock

Select the strobe manufacturer for synchronous strobes. Synchronous strobes are driven by following a different ON/OFF pattern depending on the manufacturer’s specification. Normal means the strobes are not synchronized and when the circuit gets active it is turned ON steady. This feature applies to the main panel powered output circuits, configured as strobes, only.

Note: Once a specific type of strobe is selected, for example Mircom, then only this type of strobe is allowed for the entire system.

Panel Configuration/Features/Evacuation code

Evac. Code

[ ] Continuous

[ ] March Time

[x] Temporal

[ ] California

Select the evacuation code for the 2nd stage in a two stage system and for the 1st stage in a single stage system.

Panel Configuration/Features/Building alert

Bldg. alert

[ ] Enabled

Alert sounds for building input activation. Default is disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Device LED flashing

Dev. Flash

[ ] Enabled

This feature allows flashing of the LED on the addressable sensors to flash momentarily, while polling, if enabled. The input and output modules LED always flashes, while polling, regardless of this feature enabled or disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Class-A loop

Loop ClassA

[ ] Enabled

This feature configures all addressable loops as Class A if enabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Auto after hours

Auto afthrs.
[ ] Enabled

This feature allows the daytime/nighttime mode to be set automatically if enabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/General alarm timer

Gen.alm tmr

[x] Disabled

[ ] 5 min

[ ] 10 min

[ ] 15 min

[ ] 20 min

[ ] 30 min

This feature sets the value for the general alarm timer.

Panel Configuration/Features/Common alarm relay operation

Com alm rly op

[ ] Both Stages

[x] Second Stage

This feature sets the operation of the common alarm for two stage system.

Panel Configuration/Features/Agency selection

Jurisdiction

[ ] ULI

[x] ULC

This feature selects the agency having jurisdiction for the panel.

Panel Configuration/Features/Auto test

Auto test

[X] Enabled

This feature lets you change the NFPA device periodical self-test to enabled or disabled.

Panel Configuration/Features/Multi Address Det.

Multi Addr. Detection

[ ] Enabled

This feature lets you change the method that the panel uses for regularly detecting devices with the same address.

Enable this option to detect duplicate addresses by measuring the overcurrent on the loop. Disable this option to detect duplicate addresses through AP commands.

PANEL CONFIGURATION/2. ADDRESS CFG.

Allows user to select up to what address a CLIP device would go. Loop Selection Prompt:

Loop number

Loop: __

User is prompted to introduce address upper limit; press the “#” key to move cursor to the left, press the “*” key to move cursor to the right:

Reserved addr. space

size for CLIP device

for the current loop

Choose from 1-99:__

PANEL CONFIGURATION/3. DEVICE LABEL

Allows you to edit the device label.

Sounder Base: N

Select Y if you want to edit the label for a sounder base. Otherwise select N.

Enter the device loop and address.

Device address:

Loop: _ Addr:___

Type the new label using keys. Press the “#” key to move cursor to the left, press the “*” key to move cursor to the right:

Enter new tag...

_____

PANEL CONFIGURATION/4. USER MESSAGE

Allows you to edit (change) the FACP Front Panel Message, i.e. “Welcome to Mircom”.

PANEL CONFIGURATION/5. LANGUAGE

Allows you to select the language of the LCD display. English is the default. To change the language to French, select French in the panel configuration menu, then exit the configuration and then re-enter and select auto default.

COMMAND MENU/ 2. AUTO CONFIG

Attention: **The Auto Config feature does not operate on releasing devices, for example hazard zone inputs, hazard signaling, or releasing circuits. To make changes to releasing operations, use the Configurator software.**

The Auto Config menu item detects the currently connected devices, and compares them to the configuration. If there are differences, you can choose to update the configuration.

1. If you are adding loops, use the **Address Cfg** command (page 92) to set the CLIP address range for each loop.
2. Select **Auto Config** and follow the instructions on the display.

Notes: After performing Auto Config, you must finish setting up the job in the Configurator software.

10.0 Appendix C - Reporting

10.1 Ademco Contact-ID FX-3500RCU Series Event Codes

Table 20 Contact-ID Event Codes

Event Description	Event Family	Qualifier	Code	Group #	Contact #
Phone Line #1 trouble detected	Trouble	New event	1 351	00	000
Phone Line #2 trouble detected	Trouble	New event	1 352	00	000
Phone Line #1 trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	3 351	00	000
Phone Line #2 trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	3 352	00	000
Failure to report to an Account	Trouble	New event	1 354	Acct #	Acct #
Report to an Account successful	Trouble	Restore	3 354	Acct #	Acct #
RS-485 Communication Trouble	Trouble	New event	1 350	00	485
Periodic (24 hr) Test Event (NORMAL)	Test	New event	1 602	00	000
Periodic (24 hr) Test Event (OFF NORMAL)	Test	New event	1 608	00	000
Manually initiated dialer test	Test	New event	1 601	00	000
Zone Fire Alarm	Alarm	New event	1 110	00	NNN
Zone Fire Alarm restored	Alarm	Restore	3 110	00	NNN
Zone Trouble detected	Trouble	New event	1 300	00	NNN
Zone Trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	3 300	00	NNN
Zone Supervisory condition	Supervisory	New event	1 200	00	NNN
Zone Supervisory restored	Supervisory	Restore	3 200	00	NNN
Water flow	Alarm	New event	1 113	00	NNN
Water flow restored	Alarm	Restore	3 113	00	NNN
Indicating Zone Trouble	Trouble	New event	1 320	00	NNN
Indicating Zone Trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	3 320	00	NNN
General Alarm	Alarm	New event	1 140	00	NNN
General Alarm restored	Alarm	Restore	3 140	00	NNN
AC power lost	Trouble	New event	1 301	00	000
AC power restored	Trouble	Restore	3 301	00	000
Battery Low	Trouble	New event	1 302	00	000
Battery Low restored	Trouble	Restore	3 302	00	000
Ground Fault	Trouble	New event	1 310	00	000
Ground Fault restored	Trouble	Restore	3 310	00	000

10.2 Security Industries Association SIA Format Protocol FX-3500RCU Series Event Codes

SIA Format Protocol does not define indicating zone troubles, but lists it as Untyped Zone Trouble/Restore.

Table 21 SIA-DCS Event Codes

Event Description	Event Family	Qualifier	SIA Event Code	Parameter
Phone Line #1 trouble detected	Trouble	New event	LT	001
Phone Line #2 trouble detected	Trouble	New event	LT	002
Phone Line #1 trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	LR	001
Phone Line #2 trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	LR	002
Failure to report to an Account	Trouble	New event	YC	Acct #
Report to an Account successful	Trouble	Restore	YK	Acct #
RS485 Communication Trouble	Trouble	New event	YS	485
Periodic (24 hr) Test Event (Normal)	Test	New event	RP	000
Periodic (24 hr) Test Event (Off-normal)	Test	New event	RY	000
Manually initiated dialer test	Test	New event	RX	000
Zone Fire Alarm	Alarm	New event	FA	NNN
Zone Fire Alarm restored	Alarm	Restore	FH	NNN
Zone Trouble detected	Trouble	New event	FT	NNN
Zone Trouble restored	Trouble	Restore	FJ	NNN
Zone Supervisory condition	Supervisory	New event	FS	NNN
Zone Supervisory restored	Supervisory	Restore	FR	NNN
Water flow alarm	Alarm	New event	WA	NNN
Water flow alarm restored	Alarm	Restore	WH	NNN
General Alarm	Alarm	New event	QA	NNN
General Alarm restored	Alarm	Restore	QH	NNN
Indicating Zone Trouble (*)	Trouble	New event	UT	NNN
Indicating Zone Trouble restored (*)	Trouble	Restore	UR	NNN
AC power lost	Trouble	New event	AT	000
AC power restored	Trouble	Restore	AR	000
Battery Low	Trouble	New event	YT	000
Battery Low restored	Trouble	Restore	YR	000
Ground Fault	Trouble	New event	YP	000
Ground Fault restored	Trouble	Restore	YQ	000

11.0 Appendix D - Specifications And Features

11.1 FX-3500RCU Fire Alarm Control Panel

Table 22 lists specifications for the FX-3500RCU panel:

Table 22 FX-3500RCU Specifications

FX-3500RCU Series Fire Alarm Control Panel		
General	Digital signal processor based design, fully configurable from front panel with password protection	
Electrical ratings	**AC line voltage**	120VAC 60Hz/240VAC 50Hz, 10A slow blow fuse on secondary of transformer
	Power supply rating	29VAC 10A maximum (secondary of transformer)
		120VAC 60Hz 3.1Amp (maximum primary of transformer)
		240VAC 50Hz 1.57Amp (maximum primary of transformer)
		Total load not to exceed 10A at 24VDC
Battery	**Type**	24VDC Gel Cell/Sealed lead acid – 10Ah to 42Ah
	Charging capability	10Ah to 42Ah
	Charging current	3A maximum
	Protection	20A slow blow micro fuse built into WX-058 battery cable, field replaceable
	Standby current rating at full load	1.25A
Addressable loops	Advanced Protocol mode with one or three loops with 159 addressable sensors and 159 addressable modules per loop. CLIP mode with one or three loops with 99 addressable sensors and 99 addressable modules per loop. The maximum loop resistance is 40 ohms. For a complete list of compatible devices see LT-1023 on **http://www.mircom.com**.	
	Power Limited **/** 24VDC / 350mA alarm maximum / 0.5 µF	
	Power Limited / 24VDC / 280mA normal standby maximum / 0.5 µF	
NAC Circuits	4 supervised Class B (Style Y) or Class A (Style Z) NAC circuits, configured as strobes or audibles. Terminals are labelled as “NAC 1”, “NAC 2”, “NAC 3” and “NAC 4”.	
	Rating	Power limited / Regulated 24V FWR / 1.5A @ 49C per circuit
	Max. power allowed	Total 6.0A
		1.5A per circuit
Aux supply 1	Power limited / 24VDC regulated / 500mA max.	
Aux supply 2	Power limited / 24VDC regulated / 300mA max.	

Table 22 FX-3500RCU Specifications (Continued)

FX-3500RCU Series Fire Alarm Control Panel		
Unfiltered supply	Power limited / 24V FWR special application / 1.7A max. at 49C The voltage range for this output is 18.6 VDC - 36.4 VDC. List of Compatible Devices: RAM-1016TZDS, RAM-1032TZDS(-CC), RAM-3500-LCD, RAX-LCD-LITE Do not use this output to power sounder bases or CZ-6, MIX-M502M, MIX-M502MA, MIX-M502MAP, MIX-M502MAPA devices.	
Auxiliary relays	**Common Alarm/ Supv./Trouble/ Auxiliary Alarm**	Must be connected to a listed power limited source of supply Form C/28VDC/1A max.
Releasing Device Supply	24VDC 1.4A Power Limited Special Application (TS-1 Power Supply Board)	
RS-485 port	For remote annunciators. Terminals are labelled “RS-485”.	
Ground Fault Impedance	10 kilohms or less	
Open Circuit Fault	100 kilohms or more	
Short Circuit Fault	0.1 ohms or less	
Applicable Standards	NFPA 70, 72, 12, 12A, 13, 15, 16, 2001, CAN/ULC-S559-13, UL-864 Rev. 10, ULC S524, CAN/ULC-S527-11 and ULC-S536	

11.2 FX-3500RCU System Module and Annunciator Specifications

Table 23 FX-3500RCU System Modules and Annunciator Specifications

FX-3500RCU System Modules and Annunciators		
RAM-3500LCD	Remote Annunciator	Standby 70mA / alarm 100mA
RAX-LCD-LITE	Remote Annunciator	Standby 65mA / alarm 80mA
RTI-1	Remote Trouble Indicator	Normal standby 0mA / alarm 30mA maximum
PR-300	Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module	
	City Tie	power limited / 24VDC unfiltered / 270mA max. / 13.7 and 14.4 ohms
	Polarity Reversal	power limited / 24VDC open / 12VDC at 3.5mA / 8mA max. (shorted)
	Polarity Reversal Supv. Terminal	24VDC (normal) / −24VDC (supervisory) / 0V (trouble)
	Polarity Reversal Alarm Terminal	24VDC (normal) / −24VDC (alarm) / 0V (trouble)
	Current Consumption	standby 50mA / alarm 300mA (city tie in use) / alarm 70mA (city tie not in use)
IPS-2424DS	Programmable Input Switches Module with 24 switches	standby 5mA / alarm 22mA
IPS-4848DS	Programmable Input Switches Module with 48 switches	standby 10mA / alarm 22mA

12.0 Appendix E - Battery Calculations

IMPORTANT NOTICE
The main AC branch circuit connection for Fire Alarm Control Unit must provide a dedicated continuous power without provision of any disconnect devices. Use #12 AWG wire with 600-volt insulation and proper over-current circuit protection that complies with the local codes. For specifications see Appendix D - Specifications And Features on page 96.

Power Requirements (All currents are in amperes)							
Model Number	**Description**	**Qty**		**Standby**	**Total Standby**	**Alarm**	**Total Alarm**
FX-3500RCU	FX-3500RCU FACP with Dialer		X	0.390	=	0.630	=
ALC-636	636 Point Dual Loop Adder		X	0.120	=	0.200	=
RAM-3500-LCD	Remote Annunciator with 4-line LCD Display		X	0.070	=	0.100	=
RAX-LCD-LITE	Remote Annunciator with 4-line LCD Display		X	0.065	=	0.080	=
PR-300	Polarity Reversal and City Tie Module		X	0.050	=	0.300	=
SRM-312W/312R	Smart Relay Module		X	0.030	=		=
RAM-1016TZDS	16 Point Annunciator Chassis		X	0.050	=	0.150	=
RAM-1032TZDS	32 Point Remote Annunciator		X	0.050	=	0.300	=
RAX-1048TZDS	48 Point adder annunciator display		X	0.022	=	1 zone active: 0.026 2 zone active: 0.030 3 zone active: 0.035 4 zone active: 0.039 48 zone active: 0.262	=
IPS-2424DS	Programmable Input Switches Module with 24 switches		X	0.005		0.022	=
IPS-4848DS	Programmable Input Switches Module with 48 switches		X	0.010		0.022	=
RTI-1	Remote Trouble Indicator, Buzzer and LED		X	0.035	=	0.035	=
MIX-1251AP(A)	Advanced Protocol Ion Smoke Detector (ULC)		X	0.0003	=	0.0050	=
MIX-2251AP(A)	Advanced Protocol Photo Smoke Detector (ULC)		X	0.00036	=	0.0050	=
MIX-2251TAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Photo Heat Detector (ULC)		X	0.00036	=	0.0050	=
MIX-2251TMAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Acclimate Detector (ULC)		X	0.00036	=	0.0050	=
MIX-5251AP(A)	Advanced Protocol Heat Detector (ULC)		X	0.0003	=	0.0050	=
MIX-5251HAP(A)	Advanced Protocol High Temperature Heat Detector (ULC)		X	0.0003	=	0.0065	=
MIX-5251RAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Rate of Rise Heat Detector (ULC)		X	0.0003	=	0.0065	=
MIX-M500MAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Monitor Module (ULC)		X	0.0004	=	0.0052	=

MIX-M500RAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Relay Control Module (ULC)		X	0.0003	=	0.0051	=
MIX-M500SAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Supervised Control Module (ULC)		X	0.0004	=	0.0052	=
MIX-M501DMAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Dual Input Mini Monitor Module (ULC)		X		=		=
MIX-M501MAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Mini Monitor Module (ULC)		X	0.0004	=	0.0020	=
MIX-M502MAP(A)	Advanced Protocol Conventional Zone Module (ULC)		X	0.0004	=	0.0052	=
B501BH(A)	Intelligent Sounder Base (ULC)		X	0.001	=	0.015	=
B501BHT(A)	Intelligent Temporal Tone Sounder Base (ULC)		X	0.001	=	0.015	=
APB200(-LF) (APB200(CO)A)	Sounder Base (ULC)		X	0.01	=	0.140	=
INX-10A	Main Chassis (10 Amp)		X	0.0045	=	0.0045	=
Device & Remote LEDs (Maximum 20 per loop)			X				=
Signal Load (bells, horns, strobes, and etc.)			X				=
Auxiliary Power Supply (Aux 1, Aux 2, Un-filtered, Releasing Devices)					=	Alarm	=
Total currents (Add above currents)				STANDBY	(**A**)		(**B**)

Battery Capacity Requirement

Battery (Ah) = (Standby Current Total x Discharge Time) + (Alarm Current Total x Alarm Time)

([STANDBY (A) _____] X [(24 Hours) ___]) + ([ALARM (B) _____] X [Alarm in Hr.] _____) = (C) _____Ah

Total Alarm Current must be **10** amperes or less. NAC Circuits must not exceed **6** amperes.

Battery Selection

Battery Size = Multiply (**C**) by 1.20 to derate battery.

See the following table for the recommended Mircom batteries for use with this panel.

Table 24 Recommended Batteries

Battery Model	Battery Size	UL/ULC Rating
BA-110	12Ah	10Ah
BA-117	18Ah	17Ah
BA-124	26Ah	24Ah
BA-140	42Ah	40Ah

BA-110 (12Ah) and BA-117 (18Ah) will fit into the BBX-1024DS.

To house BA-124 (26Ah) and BA-140 (42Ah) batteries a BC-160 Battery Cabinet is required.

Use of alternative batteries may result in failure of the panel to meet agency and regulatory requirements, and may result in shortened battery life. Batteries should be tested regularly, and replaced at least every three years. If the Battery Trouble indicator activates, obtain required service.

13.0 Warranty and Warning Information

WARNING!

Please read this document **CAREFULLY**, as it contains important warnings, life-safety, and practical information about all products manufactured by the Mircom Group of Companies, including Mircom and Secutron branded products, which shall include without limitation all fire alarm, nurse call, building automation and access control and card access products (hereinafter individually or collectively, as applicable, referred to as "**Mircom System**").

NOTE TO ALL READERS:

1. **Nature of Warnings.** The within warnings are communicated to the reader out of an abundance of caution and create no legal obligation for Mircom Group of Companies, whatsoever. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this document shall NOT be construed as in any way altering the rights and obligations of the parties, governed by the legal documents that apply in any given circumstance.
2. **Application.** The warnings contained in this document apply to all Mircom System and shall be read in conjunction with:
   a. the product manual for the specific Mircom System that applies in given circumstances;
   b. legal documents that apply to the purchase and sale of a Mircom System, which may include the company's standard terms and conditions and warranty statements;
   c. other information about the Mircom System or the parties' rights and obligations as may be application to a given circumstance.
3. **Security and Insurance.** Regardless of its capabilities, no Mircom System is a substitute for property or life insurance. Nor is the system a substitute for property owners, renters, or other occupants to act prudently to prevent or minimize the harmful effects of an emergency situation. Building automation systems produced by the Mircom Group of Companies are not to be used as a fire, alarm, or life-safety system.

NOTE TO INSTALLERS:

All Mircom Systems have been carefully designed to be as effective as possible. However, there are circumstances where they may not provide protection. Some reasons for system failure include the following. As the only individual in contact with system users, please bring each item in this warning to the attention of the users of this Mircom System. Failure to properly inform system end-users of the circumstances in which the system might fail may result in over-reliance upon the system. As a result, it is imperative that you properly inform each customer for whom you install the system of the possible forms of failure:

4. **Inadequate Installation.** All Mircom Systems must be installed in accordance with all the applicable codes and standards in order to provide adequate protection. National standards require an inspection and approval to be conducted by the local authority having jurisdiction following the initial installation of the system and following any changes to the system. Such inspections ensure installation has been carried out properly.
5. **Inadequate Testing.** Most problems that would prevent an alarm a Mircom System from operating as intended can be discovered by regular testing and maintenance. The complete system should be tested by the local authority having jurisdiction immediately after a fire, storm, earthquake, accident, or any kind of construction activity inside or outside the premises.

The testing should include all sensing devices, keypads, consoles, alarm indicating devices and any other operational devices that are part of the system.

NOTE TO USERS:

All Mircom Systems have been carefully designed to be as effective as possible. However, there are circumstances where they may not provide protection. Some reasons for system failure include the following. The end user can minimize the occurrence of any of the following by proper training, testing and maintenance of the Mircom Systems:

6. **Inadequate Testing and Maintenance.** It is imperative that the systems be periodically tested and subjected to preventative maintenance. Best practices and local authority having jurisdiction determine the frequency and type of testing that is required at a minimum. Mircom System may not function properly, and the occurrence of other system failures identified below may not be minimized, if the periodic testing and maintenance of Mircom Systems is not completed with diligence and as required.
7. **Improper Operation.** It is important that all system users be trained in the correct operation of the alarm system and that they know how to respond when the system indicates an alarm. A Mircom System may not function as intended during an emergency situation where the user is unable to operate a panic or emergency switch by reason of permanent or temporary physical disability, inability to reach the device in time, unfamiliarity with the correct operation, or related circumstances.
8. **Insufficient Time.** There may be circumstances when a Mircom System will operate as intended, yet the occupants will not be protected from the emergency due to their inability to respond to the warnings in a timely manner. If the system is monitored, the response may not occur in time enough to protect the occupants or their belongings.
9. **Carelessness or Safety Hazards.** Moreover, smoke detectors may not provide timely warning of fires caused by carelessness or safety hazards such as smoking in bed, violent explosions, escaping gas, improper storage of flammable materials, overloaded electrical circuits or children playing with matches or arson.
10. **Power Failure.** Some Mircom System components require adequate electrical power supply to operate. Examples include: smoke detectors, beacons, HVAC, and lighting controllers. If a device operates only by AC power, any interruption, however brief, will render that device inoperative while it does not have power. Power interruptions of any length are often accompanied by voltage fluctuations which may damage Mircom Systems or other electronic equipment. After a power interruption has occurred, immediately conduct a complete system test to ensure that the system operates as intended.
11. **Battery Failure.** If the Mircom System or any device connected to the system operates from batteries it is possible for the batteries to fail. Even if the batteries have not failed, they must be fully charged, in good condition, and installed correctly. Some Mircom Systems use replaceable batteries, which have a limited life-span. The expected battery life is variable and in part dependent on the device environment, usage and type. Ambient conditions such as high humidity, high or low temperatures, or large temperature fluctuations may reduce the expected battery life. Moreover, some Mircom Systems do not have a battery monitor that would alert the user in the event that the battery is nearing its end of life. Regular testing and replacements are vital for ensuring that the batteries function as expected, whether or not a device has a low-battery monitor.
12. **Physical Obstructions.** Motion sensors that are part of a Mircom System must be kept clear of any obstacles which impede the sensors' ability to detect movement. Signals being communicated by a Mircom System may not reach the receiver if an item (such as metal, water, or concrete) is placed on or near the radio path. Deliberate jamming or other inadvertent radio signal interference can also negatively affect system operation.

13. **Wireless Devices Placement Proximity.** Moreover all wireless devices must be a minimum and maximum distance away from large metal objects, such as refrigerators. You are required to consult the specific Mircom System manual and application guide for any maximum distances required between devices and suggested placement of wireless devices for optimal functioning.
14. **Failure to Trigger Sensors.** Moreover, Mircom Systems may fail to operate as intended if motion, heat, or smoke sensors are not triggered.
    a. Sensors in a fire system may fail to be triggered when the fire is in a chimney, walls, roof, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke and heat detectors may not detect smoke or heat from fires on another level of the residence or building. In this situation the control panel may not alert occupants of a fire.
    b. Sensors in a nurse call system may fail to be triggered when movement is occurring outside of the motion sensors' range. For example, if movement is occurring on the other side of closed doors or on another level of the residence or building the motion detector may not be triggered. In this situation the central controller may not register an alarm signal.
15. **Interference with Audible Notification Appliances.** Audible notification appliances may be interfered with by other noise sources such as stereos, radios, televisions, air conditioners, appliances, or passing traffic. Audible notification appliances, however loud, may not be heard by a hearing-impaired person.
16. **Other Impairments.** Alarm notification appliances such as sirens, bells, horns, or strobes may not warn or waken a sleeping occupant if there is an intervening wall or door. It is less likely that the occupants will be alerted or awakened when notification appliances are located on a different level of the residence or premise.
17. **Software Malfunction.** Most Mircom Systems contain software. No warranties are provided as to the software components of any products or stand-alone software products within a Mircom System. For a full statement of the warranties and exclusions and limitations of liability please refer to the company's standard Terms and Conditions and Warranties.
18. **Telephone Lines Malfunction.** Telephone service can cause system failure where telephone lines are relied upon by a Mircom System. Alarms and information coming from a Mircom System may not be transmitted if a phone line is out of service or busy for a certain period of time. Alarms and information may not be transmitted where telephone lines have been compromised by criminal tampering, local construction, storms or earthquakes.
19. **Component Failure.** Although every effort has been made to make this Mircom System as reliable as possible, the system may fail to function as intended due to the failure of a component.
20. **Integrated Products.** Mircom System might not function as intended if it is connected to a non-Mircom product or to a Mircom product that is deemed non-compatible with a particular Mircom System. A list of compatible products can be requested and obtained.

Warranty

Purchase of all Mircom products is governed by:

https://www.mircom.com/product-warranty

https://www.mircom.com/purchase-terms-and-conditions

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